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Country/entity Nepal

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Comprehensive Agreement concluded between the Government of Nepal and the

Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist)

Date 21 Nov 2006

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a 'People's Republic'. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Stage Framework/substantive - comprehensive

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Nepal peace process

Parties Prachanda, President, Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist)

Girija Prasad Koirala, Prime Minister, Government of Nepal

Signed on November 21, 2006

Third parties -

Description A comprehensive peace agreement between the CPN and the Government of Nepal. The

agreement covers a range of issues including Political, economic and social transformation and conflict management, human rights, provision for a ceasefire, management of the military forces, and implementation of the agreement.

Agreement document

 $NP_061122_Comprehensive\ Peace\ Agreement\ between\ the\ Government\ and\ the\ CPN$

(Maoist).pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Women, girls and gender

Participation No specific mention.

Equality

Equality→Equality (general)

Page 4, 3, Political - Economic - Social Transformation and Conflict Management, 3.5: To carry out an inclusive, democratic and progressive restructuring of the state by ending the current centralized and unitary form of the state in order to address the problems related to women, Dalit, indigenous people, Janajatis, Madheshi, oppressed, neglected and minority communities and backward regions by ending discrimination based on class, caste, language, gender, culture, religion, and region.

Page 9, 7, Human Rights, Fundamental Rights and Adherence to Humanitarian Law, 7.1, Human Rights, 7.1.1: Both sides reconfirm their commitment to the respect and protection to human rights and commitment to international humanitarian law and accept that nobody should be discriminated on the basis of color, gender, language, religion, age, race, national or social origin, wealth, disability, birth or other standing, ideology or faith.

Equality→Social equality

Page 1, Preamble: ...Expressing determination to carry out a progressive restructuring of the state to resolve existing class-based, ethnic, regional and gender problems,...

Particular groups of No specific mention. women

International law

International law→General IHRL, IHL and IL

Page 9, 7, Human Rights, Fundamental Rights and Adherence to Humanitarian Law, 7.1, Human Rights, 7.1.1

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Page 11, 7, Human Rights, Fundamental Rights and Adherence to Humanitarian Law, 7.6, Women and Child Rights, 7.6.1

Both parties fully agree to provide special protection to the rights of women and children, to immediately stop all types of violence against women and children, including child labor, as well as sexual exploitation and abuse, and not to include or use children who are 18 years old and below in the armed force. Children thus affected would be immediately rescued and necessary and appropriate assistance will be provided for their rehabilitation.

New institutions

No specific mention.

Violence against women

Violence against women→Sexual violence

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Violence against women→Gender-based violence/VAW (general)

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Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform No specific mention.

Development

Development→Rehabilitation and reconstruction

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Implementation

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.