## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Myanmar

**Region** Asia and Pacific

**Agreement name** Union Accord Part III (Pyidaungsu Accord)

**Date** 21 Aug 2020

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Myanmar Conflict (1948 - )

Internal conflict, mostly along ethno-political fault lines, has been a constant feature of Myanmar since its independence in 1948. The conflict has two distinct dynamics. First a struggle between an authoritarian government and a pro-democracy opposition which has the characteristics of authoritarian conflicts; and second a stuggle between the government and ethnic armed groups which has the characteristics of an identity conflict. The two oldest and strongest militias fighting the government are the Karen National Union (KNU), which has remained active since the late 1940s, and the Kachin Independence Organisation, which was formed in the early 1960s. In total, here are more than a dozen mostly ethnic-based guerrilla groups active throughout the country. Especially in the period of junta dictatorship that lasted until 2011 the government attempted to crush the rebellions, which led to numerous human rights violations. With the start of democratic reforms in the aftermath of the 2010 elections, peace negotiations have taken place and resulted in the signing of various agreements, although conflicts remain active.

Close

Myanmar Conflict (1948 -

)

**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

**Peace process** Myanmar 21st Century Panglong Process

**Parties** 

Dr. Tin Myo Win

Representative of the Government Group

Dr. May Win Myint

Representative of the Hluttaw Group

Lt-Gen Tin Maug Win

Representative of the Tatmadaw Group

Lian Hmung Sakhong

Representative of the Ethnic Armed Organization Group

U Thu Wai

Representative of the Political Parties Group

U Htone Phoo Dagon

**Ethnic Representative Government Group** 

U Kyaw Win

Relevant Representative of the Government Group

Kya Sha Mwe

Ethnic Representative Ethnic Armed Organization Group

Daw Khin Ma Ma Myo

Relevant Representative of Ethnic Armed Organization Group

U Zein Khan Ram

Ethnic Representative Political Parties Group

Nang Aye Aye Thwe

Relevant Representative of the Political Parties Group

**Third parties** 

**Description** 

This agreement between the government, the military, and ethnic armed organisations sets core principles which the implementation of the National Ceasefire Agreement is to follow, including: democracy, federalism, cultural, religious, and language rights of ethnic groups.

Agreement document

MM\_200821\_Union\_Accord\_Part\_III\_tr.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

MM\_200821\_Union\_Accord\_Part\_III.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

## Women, girls and gender

**Participation** No specific mention.

**Equality** Equality → Equality (general)

Page 2:

2. To prohibit discrimination based on nationality, religion, culture and gender against all

the citizens residing in the Union, while ensuring equal rights.

Particular groups of No specific mention.

women

International law No specific mention.

**New institutions** No specific mention.

Violence against

women

No specific mention.

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

**Institutional reform** No specific mention.

**Development** No specific mention.

**Implementation** No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.