



<b>Country/entity</b>	Angola Cabinda
<b>Region</b>	Africa (excl MENA)
<b>Agreement name</b>	Memorandum of Peace and Understanding in Cabinda Province
<b>Date</b>	1 Aug 2006
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

### **Angolan Civil War (1975 - 2002)**

The conflict has involved political divisions, and agreements emanate from two dyads. Unita-dyad. Immediately following Angola's independence in 1975, a civil war broke out between the two main armed independence movements, the (then government) Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) and the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA). The UN-mediated Lusaka Protocol in November 1994 did not end fighting and another attempt in 1998 failed due to continuous ceasefire violations. After internal splits and the killing of their founder Jonas Savimbi, UNITA was defeated by MPLA forces in 2002.

Cabinda dyad. Additionally, in the Cabinda enclave, the Front for the Liberation of the Enclave of Cabinda (FLEC) fought a low intensity guerrilla warfare against the MPLA government since independence, but by the early 2000s, FLEC had lost significant operational power and in 2006 the group eventually declared a ceasefire.

Close  
Angolan Civil War (1975 - 2002)

<b>Stage</b>	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government/territory
<b>Peace process</b>	Cabinda process
<b>Parties</b>	Note: The agreement does not have any signatories, however the preamble states that the peace plan is the product of the Government of the Republic of Angola and the Cabinda Forum for Dialogue

**Third parties** Witnessed by representatives of the Episcopal Conference of Angola and Sao Tome, representatives of the Council of Christian Churches of Angola and representatives of the Inter-Ecclesiastical Council for Peace in Angol.

**Description** This is a publication in the official bulletin containing the resolution (n°27 A/06) of the national assembly to authorise the president of the republic to make peace under the memorandum of understanding for peace and reconciliation in the province of Cabinda, and the resolution (n°27-B/06) approving said memorandum.

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**Agreement document** [AO\\_060801\\_Memorandum\\_of\\_Peace\\_and\\_Understanding\\_tr.pdf \(opens in new tab\) | Download PDF](#)

**Agreement document (original language)** [AO\\_060801\\_Memorandum of Peace and Understanding\\_PT.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#)

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### **Women, girls and gender**

**Participation** No specific mention.

**Equality** Equality→Social equality  
Page 24, Chapter III: Extraordinary Powers of General Scope of the Provincial Government, Article 15: Powers of Economic and Social Nature  
...  
i) Guarantee the support to the development of specific functions of families and to promote equal opportunity for women in social and work places.

**Particular groups of women** No specific mention.

**International law** No specific mention.

**New institutions** New institutions→Infrastructure (general)  
Page 31, Chapter IX: Vice-Governors, Article 42  
...  
2. It is the responsibility of the Vice-Governor for Social and Organisational Affairs to assist the Provincial Governor in the coordination and execution of tasks related to the following areas:  
...  
d) justice, family and empowerment of women, social communication, public administration, employment and welfare, science and technology;

**Violence against women** No specific mention.

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

**Institutional reform** No specific mention.

**Development** No specific mention.

**Implementation** No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

