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| Country/entity | Philippines Mindanao |
| Region | Asia and Pacific |
| Agreement name | Historic Iligan Royal Declaration |
| Date | 19 Dec 2017 |
| Agreement status | Unilateral document |
| Interim arrangement | Yes |

Agreement/conflict level Intrastate/local conflict

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People’s Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos’ regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P’s branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo’s administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP ‘old guard’ and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 granting a devolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the MNLF splintered into a range of smaller groups including Islamic factions such as the

Stage Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature Inter-group
Peace process Philippines-Mindanao: Local Processes

Parties

Members of the Royal Sultanate League of the Philippines

Aleem Pres Ibrahim S Camama

Engr Ali M Mimbisa, va

Hadid Cabara [illegible]

Hali [illegible] Gulim

Sohaily D Curkie

Hadji Jalal Masimban

Dr Ben Kaoil

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] D. Sansarona

Nasser S. Bagul

HRH Sukarno Magarang

Sen [illegible]

Datolah Maclis U. Balt

Sultan Manaron Banocag

Sultan Cosain Naim

Nooruddin B Balur

Amer L Panganting

Usodan D Pangcoga

Usman Abdullah

Omar A Sarip

Cacar A Bastur

Abdulcalam A Didaagun

Alimen A. Acoon

Basher H Davd

Alimar D. Mamacotao

Sittie Juharah Pacalundo

Johanie B Buscay

Ashary A Abdullah

Zainoden R Bazetz

A Faisal G Didaagun

A Naim Guinoza Oranayay

Mohsin I Calanoada

Gaffar Daud

Abdullah M Balar

Aminollah Alangca

Noraida M Acoon

Potre Acoon H Salio

Jamilah G Acoon

SA H Carima M Dansal

Norhaya L Macapando

Acoon, Ampa Saromandang

Acoon, Naipah

Sarimpamaton Ding

Gadansalan Saripmaomin

Sultan Nasser Magadaub

[illegible]

[illegible]

H Hisalid – Acoon

Abdulrahman Saliput

Abdul [illegible]

H. Abdul Fattah Bantnas

Anwar S Haini Saniin

Third parties -

Description The sultans and ba-es commit to working for the common good and lasting peace, declaring the area of Marawi a zone of peace/Darusalam

Agreement document [PH_171219_Historic Iligan Royal Declaration.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type Isolated example

Rationale This agreement is part of the same gathering of local leaders as the Meranao Peace Declaration of 31/12/2017. In fact, the participants completed the signing of the Historic Iligan Royal Declaration on 29/12/2017, in the same hotel as the one where the Meranao Peace Declaration document is signed. Thus, while there are two documents from the meeting, they form an isolated example of peacemaking.

Is there a documented link to a national peace process? No

Link to national process: articulated rationale There is no indication that these talks were part of the negotiations between the main sides in the Mindanao conflict.

Name of Locale Marawi City

Nature of Locale City

GPS Lat/Long (DD) 8.000000, 124.000000

Participant type Domestic religious organisation/leader or other elder

Mediator, facilitator or similar No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture) Page 1:
WHEREFORE, anent to the foregoing, the undersigned Sultans and Ba-es of the said national Sultanate League, finally declared also Marawi as a “Zone of Peace/Darusalam” instead of a “Killing field/Darul Harb” and further committed themselves to help and assist in the re-construction of Marawi (Insha Allah).

Grievance List No specific mention.

Cattle rustling/ banditry No specific mention.

Social cover No specific mention.
