

Country/entity	Nepal
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Agreement between the GoN and Madhesh Mukti Tigers
Date	20 Mar 2009
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a ‘People’s Republic’. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negotiations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Nepal related-local processes
Parties	On behalf of Madhesh Mukti Tigers Sd. Bhola Prasad Mukhiya Coordinator On behalf of GoN Talks Team Sd. Janardhan Sharma ‘Prabhakar’ Coordinator
Third parties	-

Description An agreement in which the Madhesh Mukti Tigers agree to suspend violent activities and enter into talks with the Government of Nepal

Agreement document [NP_090320_GoN and Madhesh Mukti Tigers.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type Formal structured process

Rationale A dialogue team was set up by the Maoist-led government, which won the elections in April 2008. This dialogue team was again led/coordinated by the Minister for Peace and Reconstruction, Mr Janardhan Sharma. This team pursued dialogue with the team of Madhesh Mukti Tigers

Is there a documented link to a national peace process? Yes

Link to national process: articulated rationale Despite groups like these bordering to what can be called criminal outfits, their demands were framed around the discourse of inclusion, including federalism, promotion of non-Nepali languages, greater representation in state organs.

Name of Locale Tarai

Nature of Locale Region

GPS Lat/Long (DD) 27.000000, 84.000000

Participant type Central state actor
Local armed group

Mediator, facilitator or similar No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture) No specific mention.

Grievance List No specific mention.

Cattle rustling/ banditry No specific mention.

Social cover No specific mention.
