

Country/entity	Guinea
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Ouagadougou Joint Declaration
Date	15 Jan 2010
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict Guinean coup d'etat and succession crisis (2008-2010, 2015-2016) Shortly after the death of President Lansana Conté, Guinea underwent a coup d'état by the Junta, the National Council for Democracy, led by Captain Moussa Dadis Camara. Pressure by ECOWAS led to the signing of the Ouagadougou Joint Declaration in January 2010 that provided for a power-sharing government and elections. Honouring the agreement, a peaceful transfer of power was achieved when President Alpha Conde won the elections that November. Nonetheless, unresolved electoral issues resulted in tensions when the Independent National Electoral Commission (CENI) in March 2015 announced dates for presidential elections to be held in October 2015 and then local elections in the first quarter of 2016. The announcement was met with violent opposition protests and killings demanding a reverse sequencing of elections. Once again ECOWAS stepped in facilitating a 4-month dialogue before the 2015 elections, eventually leading to a peace agreement on August 20, 2015 that maintained the original date for presidential elections. However, following the elections, commitment to the agreement and dialogue waned, and protests over corruption erupted in the capital. A second agreement was signed on October 12, 2016 providing for amendments to the electoral laws and the composition of the electoral commission, prisoner release, reparations and the formation of a high court of justice. Close Guinean coup d'etat and succession crisis (2008-2010, 2015-2016)
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Guinea peace process
Parties	Le President of CNDD , President of the Republic of Guinea, Signed: Captain Moussa Dadis CAMARA The Vice-President of CNDD, Interim President of the Republic of Guinea, Signed: General Sékouba KONATE

Third parties	The Mediator in the crisis in Guinea, Signed: Blaise COMPAORE
Description	This is a very short framework/substantive agreement, developed following consultations held on 13-14 January 2010. The agreement sets forth a roadmap for transition, creating a National Council for Transition, a Government of National Union and scheduling presidential elections within 6 months.

Agreement document [GN_100115_JointDeclarationOuagadougou.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/
national group** No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced
persons** No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions
Page 1, 4: Creating a National Council of Transition (CNT), which is a deliberating political organ, led by a religious personality and made up of 101 members representing all the components of the Guinean society;

Page 1, 5: Appointing a Prime Minister, President of the Council of Ministers, from the Forum of Active Forces of Guinea;

Page 1, 6: Creating a Government of National Union;

Page 2, 12: His Excellency, President Blaise COMPAORE, President of Burkina Faso and Mediator in the Guinean crisis, will designate a special representative to the transitional authorities of the Republic of Guinea.

Elections Page 1, 7: Reviewing the electoral lists;

Page 1, 8: Organizing, within 6 months, the presidential election in which the members of the National Council of Transition, the Transitional Head of State, the members of CNDD, the Prime Minister, the members of the Government of National Union and the members of the acting Forces of Defence and Security shall not participate.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society Page 1, 4: Creating a National Council of Transition (CNT), which is a deliberating political organ, led by a religious personality and made up of 101 members representing all the components of the Guinean society;

Traditional/religious leaders Page 1, 4: Creating a National Council of Transition (CNT), which is a deliberating political organ, led by a religious personality and made up of 101 members representing all the components of the Guinean society;

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution Governance→Constitution→Constitution affirmation/renewal
Page 1, Untitled Preamble: ...- Committed to work together to create in the Republic of Guinea the conditions to come back to a normal constitutional order and a democratic, consensus and peaceful transition;

Power sharing

Political power sharing	Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition State level Page 1, 6: Creating a Government of National Union; Power sharing→Political power sharing→International involvement State level Page 2, 12: His Excellency, President Blaise COMPAORE, President of Burkina Faso and Mediator in the Guinean crisis, will designate a special representative to the transitional authorities of the Republic of Guinea.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general	Page 1, Untitled Preamble: ...- Determined to create, in the Republic of Guinea, a democratic rule of law that respects individual and collective liberties and the principles of good governance;
Bill of rights/similar	No specific mention.
Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Thought, opinion, conscience and religion Page 1, 1: Respecting public liberties, including freedom of the press and opinion;
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	Page 1, Untitled Preamble: ...- Determined to create, in the Republic of Guinea, a democratic rule of law that respects individual and collective liberties and the principles of good governance; Page 1, Untitled Preamble: ...- Committed to work together to create in the Republic of Guinea the conditions to come back to a normal constitutional order and a democratic, consensus and peaceful transition;
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 1, 1: Respecting public liberties, including freedom of the press and opinion;
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	Page 1, 1: Respecting public liberties, including freedom of the press and opinion;

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds Page 2, 11: The signatories of this declaration are insistently inviting the international community to provide political, financial and technical assistance for the enforcement of the above-decided measures;

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees Page 1, 2: Guaranteeing security of persons and goods;

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces Page 1, 3: Reorganizing reforming the Forces of Defence and Security;

Page 1, 8: Organizing, within 6 months, the presidential election in which the members of the National Council of Transition, the Transitional Head of State, the members of CNDD, the Prime Minister, the members of the Government of National Union and the members of the acting Forces of Defence and Security shall not participate.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international signatory The Mediator in the crisis in Guinea, Signed: Blaise COMPAORE (President of Burkina Faso)

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

International mission/force/similar Page 2, 9: Appealing to civilian and military observers from ECOWAS;
Page 2, 12: His Excellency, President Blaise COMPAORE, President of Burkina Faso and Mediator in the Guinean crisis, will designate a special representative to the transitional authorities of the Republic of Guinea.

Enforcement mechanism Page 2, 11: The signatories of this declaration are insistently inviting the international community to provide political, financial and technical assistance for the enforcement of the above-decided measures;

Related cases No specific mention.

Source UN Peacemaker: <http://peacemaker.un.org>
