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Country/entity Philippines

Mindanao

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Consensus Points on the Strands on Concept, Territory Resources, and Governance at

TWG level

Date 20 Apr 2005

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing adevolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Philippines - Mindanao process

Parties Prof. Rudy Rodil, GRP-TWG Chair;

Atty. Musib Buat, MILF-TWG Chair

Third parties -

Description Two page agreement affirming consensus points on issues of Bangsamoro identity,

territory, resources, and governance.

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document PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ No national group

No specific mention.

Religious groups Groups→Religious groups→Substantive

Page 1, Concept

 Both Parties acknowledge the birthright of the Bangsamoro people to identify themselves as "Bangsa moro" as stipulated in Paragraph 1 of the MILF position paper.
Both Parties affirm the rights of non-Islam professing indigenous tribes to free choice.
They also agreed to elevate to the panels for discussion the inclusion of IPs as part of the

Bangsamoro people.

Indigenous people Groups→Indigenous people→Substantive

Page 1, Concept

1. Both Parties acknowledge the birthright of the Bangsamoro people to identify themselves as "Bangsa moro" as stipulated in Paragraph 1 of the MILF position paper. Both Parties affirm the rights of non-Islam professing indigenous tribes to free choice. They also agreed to elevate to the panels for discussion the inclusion of IPs as part of the Bangsamoro people.

Page 1, Territory

- 2. Both Parties agree to the rationale of including bodies of water (maritime, alluvial domains) as part of the Bangsamoro ancestral domain.
- 3. On Paragraph 2(c) of the MILF position paper on Territory, both Parties agree on the ARMM as part of the core of the Bangsamoro homeland.
- 5. On Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper on Territory, both Parties agree to come up with a comprehensive list of all inland seas, bodies of water, bays, straits and channels within the Mindanao-Sulu-Palawan region as part of the Bangsamoro homeland.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum

No specific mention.

State symbols

No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

institutions (new or Page 2, Resources

reformed)

2. On Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper on Resources, both Parties agree to refer to the Panels for discussion the matter on the authority of the proposed Bangsamoro juridical entity to revoke or grant forest concessions, timber license, contracts or agreements.

Page 2, Resources

4. Both Parties agree to carry Paragraph 5 of the MILF position paper on Resources, given that its details are tied up with the final setting up of the institution or political structure/body to undertake/adopt appropriate measures with regard to resources.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions Page 1, Territory

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- 2. Both Parties agree to the rationale of including bodies of water (maritime, alluvial domains) as part of the Bangsamoro ancestral domain.
- 3. On Paragraph 2(c) of the MILF position paper on Territory, both Parties agree on the ARMM as part of the core of the Bangsamoro homeland.
- 4. Both Parties agree to come up with detailed maps, locations and related date indicated in Paragraph 2(a)-2(c) for matching and comparison purposes.
- 5. On Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper on Territory, both Parties agree to come up with a comprehensive list of all inland seas, bodies of water, bays, straits and channels within the Mindanao-Sulu-Palawan region as part of the Bangsamoro homeland.

Page 2, Resources

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Page 2, Governance

1. Both Parties agree to refer the matter of "governance" to the Panels for further discussion.

Economic power sharing

Power sharing→Economic power sharing→Sharing of resources

Page 2, Resources

1. Both Parties agree to carry the first and second paragraphs as stated in the MILF position paper on Resources.

Page 2, Resources

2. On Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper on Resources, both Parties agree to refer to the Panels for discussion the matter on the authority of the proposed Bangsamoro juridical entity to revoke or grant forest concessions, timber license, contracts or agreements.

Page 2, Resources

3. Both Parties agree to elevate to the Panels for discussion the modalities to operationalize Paragraph 4 of the MILF positions paper on Resources, as well as the details on strategic minerals or materials within the proposed Bangsamoro territory, in the event that the Panels adopt a mechanism for economic cooperation.

Page 2, Resources

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Page 2, Resources

5. Both Parties agree to elevate to the Panels for discussion the provisions of Paragraph 6 of the MILF Position Paper on Resources.

Military power sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 1, Concept

general

3. In determining the context of the word "freedom" in Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper, both Parties shall refer to the GRP-MILF Tripoli Agreement of 2001 where they have agreed to adhere to international humanitarian law and human rights instruments.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

Page 1, Concept

incorporation

3. In determining the context of the word "freedom" in Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper, both Parties shall refer to the GRP-MILF Tripoli Agreement of 2001 where they have agreed to adhere to international humanitarian law and human rights instruments.

Civil and political rights

No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Cultural life

Page 1, Concept

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Bangsamoro people.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources Page 2, Resources

- 1. Both Parties agree to carry the first and second paragraphs as stated in the MILF position paper on Resources.
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International funds No specific mention.

Business Page 2, Resources

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Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian Page 1, Territory

rights or access 2. Both Parties agree to the rationale of including bodies of water (maritime, alluvial

domains) as part of the Bangsamoro ancestral domain.

5. On Paragraph 3 of the MILF position paper on Territory, both Parties agree to come up with a comprehensive list of all inland seas, bodies of water, bays, straits and channels within the Mindanao-Sulu-Palawan region as part of the Bangsamoro homeland.

Security sector

Security **Guarantees** No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism

No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source GRP-MILF Peace Process: Compilation of Signed Agreements & other related Documents

(1997-2010); (MILF Peace Panel/Asia Foundation, 2010), pp. 148-149.