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Country/entity Philippines

Mindanao

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Agreement to Reaffirm the Pursuit of Peace

Date 10 Feb 1999

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing adevolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Philippines - Mindanao process

Parties FOR THE GRP: Edir Alma Revangelista, GRP Technical Committee Chairperson;

FOR THE MILF: Sheikh Moner M. Bajunaid, MILF Technical Committee Chairperson

Third parties Witnesseth: MGen. Santos B. Gabison Jr., AFP, GRP Sub-Committee on Cessation of

Hostilities Chairperson;

Atty. Lanang S. Ali, MILF Sub-Committee on Cessation of Hostilities Chairperson

Description Agreement establishes the GRP-MILF Coordinating Committees on Cessation of

Hostilities (CCCH) in order to strengthen and enhance the implementation of the cessation of hostilities for the duration of the peace talks, primarily pursuant to the provisions of the Implementing Administrative Guidelines of the Agreement for General Cessation of Hostilities (AGCH), the CCCH will commence with the determination and verification of the MILF camps. The Agreement also includes that the GRP-MILF Sub-Committee on Agenda-Setting will meet on March 1, 1999 to discuss the agenda for the

formal talks.

Agreement document

PH_990210_Agreement to Reaffirm Pursuit of Peace.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download

PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Refugees/displaced} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/

No specific mention.

religious leaders

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution

Public

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

Socio-economic

rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

Judicial y a

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security
Guarantees

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, Pursuant to the provision of the Implementing Administrative Guidelines of the Agreement for General Cessation of Hostilities (AGCH) dated September 12, 1997, the GRP-MILF Coordinating Committees on Cessation of Hostilities (CCCH) are hereby activated in order to strengthen and enhance the implementation of the said agreement and carry out its mandate powers and functions.

Page 1, [...] The CCCH shall formulate its internal procedures pursuant to its mandated powers and functions. It shall be guided by the Joint Acknowledgement signed by the GRP-MILF Panels on February 10, 1999.

Page 1, [...] Administrative and support requirements, as provided in Rule VII of the Implementing Administrative Guidelines of the Agreement for the General Cessation of Hostilities (AGCH), shall likewise be discussed during the said initial meeting of the CCCH. To ensure proper coordination in the implementation of the cessation of hostilities for the duration of the peace talks, the CCCH shall commence within seven (7) days from its first meeting of the determination and verification of the MILF camps.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1, [...] Administrative and support requirements, as provided in Rule VII of the Implementing Administrative Guidelines of the Agreement for the General Cessation of Hostilities (AGCH), shall likewise be discussed during the said initial meeting of the CCCH. To ensure proper coordination in the implementation of the cessation of hostilities for the duration of the peace talks, the CCCH shall commence within seven (7) days from its first meeting of the determination and verification of the MILF camps.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for No specificagreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement Agreement in its entirety strengthens an enforcement mechanism for the

mechanism implementation of the cessation of hostilities.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source GRP-MILF Peace Process: Compilation of Signed Agreements & other related Documents

(1997-2010); (MILF Peace Panel/Asia Foundation, 2010), pp. 50-51.