Country/entity	Papua New Guinea Bougainville
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Loloata Understanding
Date	23 Mar 2000
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
-	: Intrastate/intrastate conflict
level	Bougainville Conflict (1987 - 1998)
	The conflict on Bougainville, an island under the jurisdiction of Papua New Guinea (PNG), began in 1987 as a dispute over compensation for the use of land by Bougainville Copper Ltd, a an Australian subsidiary. The underlying issue of independence soon emerged and the conflict escalated between the government of PNG and the native islanders, in turn spearheaded by the Bougainville Revolutionary Army (BRA). Until fighting ended in 1998, an estimated 20,000 died in the conflict. Several pre-negotiation agreements culminated in an agreement to a 'permanent and irrevocable' ceasefire, and a framework for normalizing the PNG-Bourgainville relationship, which included elections. Close Bougainville Conflict (1987 - 1998)
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Bougainville: peace process
Parties	Rt. Hon. Sir Michael Somare, Minister for Bougainville Affairs and Chairman of the National Committee on Bougainville; Joel Banam, Chairman, Leitana Council of Elders; Hon. Jon Momis, Co-Leader of the Bougainville Delegation; Joseph C. Kabui, Co-Leader of the Bougainville Delegation;
Third parties	Signed in the presence of: Ambassador Noel Sinclair, Director of the United Nations Observer Mission on Bougainville; Ewan MacMillan, Chief Negotiator, Peace Monitoring Group;
Description	Culminated the third round of political negotiations between PNG delegation and Bougainville leaders. Committed to establishing an autonomous Bougainville province within the Constitution of Papua New Guinea. Leaves open question of independence and commits parties to discussing matter.

AgreementPG_000323_Loloata Understanding.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDFdocument

Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	Page 2, Autonomy 5. The arrangements for an autonomous Bougainville Government will be provided within the Papua New Guinea Constitution, including any amendments, and will include provision for the following matters: a. Bougainville will establish an elected autonomous government developed through a democratic process.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	Page 2, Referendum 6. The National Government acknowledges the aspirations for a binding referendum on independence as called for by the Bougainvillean leaders. The parties reaffirm their support for a progressive political settlement that takes account of, among other things, the wishes of the people of Bougainville. The parties will address the referendum issue. The parties agree that the holding of the referendum may be deferred until after autonomy has been implemented and can be fairly and properly judged.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions Page 1, Interim Arrangements 1. The Bougainville Interim Provincial Government will be established under the Transitional Provisions of the Organic Law on Provincial Governments and Local-level Governments in accordance with the decision of the National Court of 10th March 2000.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.

Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	Page 1, Interim Arrangements 2. The parties note that arrangements for cooperation between the Bougainville Interim Provincial Government and the Bougainville People's Congress and Councils of Elders have been agreed under the Greenhouse Memorandum of 23rd December 1999.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	 Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions Page 1-2, Autonomy 4. The arrangement for an autonomous Bougainville Government will: Enable it to deal with the sources of the Bougainville conflict and prevent it from occurring again; Enable Bougainville to express and develop both its own identity and its relationship with the rest of Papua New Guinea.
	 Page 2, Autonomy 5. The arrangements for an autonomous Bougainville Government will be provided within the Papua New Guinea Constitution, including any amendments, and will include provision for the following matters: a. Bougainville will establish an elected autonomous government developed through a democratic process. b. The autonomous Bougainville Government will meet accepted standards of good governance. c. Bougainville will have responsibility for major powers and functions of government to be agreed upon. d. Bougainville will take some years to exercise many legislative powers and functions. Until Bougainville assumes responsibility for the full range of its powers and functions, National Government legislation and institutions will continue to apply. e. Bougainville will need the fiscal and personnel resources required to carry out is functions. f. Bougainville will receive substantial funds for reconstruction, restoration and development activities to support the peace process.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	4.f) Bougainville will receive substantial funds for reconstruction, restoration and development activities to support the peace process.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.	
Democracy	No specific mention.	
Detention procedures	No specific mention.	
Media and communication	No specific mention.	
Mobility/access	No specific mention.	
Protection measures	No specific mention.	
Other	No specific mention.	
		_

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary andNo specific mention.courts

Prisons andNo specific mention.detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	No specific mention.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/No specific mention.nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparianNo specific mention.rights or access

Security sector	
Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention. general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.
Implementation	
UN signatory	Signed in the presence of: Ambassador Noel Sinclair, Director of the United Nations Observer Mission on Bougainville;
Other international signatory	l Signed in the presence of: Ewan MacMillan, Chief Negotiator, Peace Monitoring Group;
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International	
mission/force/ similar	Page 2, Next Steps and Timetable 8. The parties acknowledge the helpful role that the United Nations Observer Mission on Bougainville can play at their meetings.
mission/force/	8. The parties acknowledge the helpful role that the United Nations Observer Mission on

Related cases	Page 1, Untitled Preamble
	Bougainville leaders and the National Committee on Bougainville met at Loloata Island
	and in Port Moresby from 17th to 23rd March 2000.
	 The parties remain committed to the peace process and to continued consultation and
	cooperation within the framework and spirit of the Lincoln Agreement;
	• The parties discussed the Bougainville paper, 'Bougainville Common Negotiating
	Position: Expanded Details' dated 8th March 2000, the Papua New Guinea Government
	paper, 'The National Delegation's Position on the Bougainville Delegation's Autonomy
	Proposals' dated 19th March 2000, and other papers, and agree that these documents
	provide the basis for future negotiations between the parties.
Source	Accord
	UN Peacemaker