Country/entity	Papua New Guinea Bougainville
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Cairns Commitment on Implementation of the Agreement Concerning the Neutral Regional Truce Monitoring Group for Bougainville
Date	24 Nov 1997
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
	Intrastate/intrastate conflict
level	Bougainville Conflict (1987 - 1998)
	The conflict on Bougainville, an island under the jurisdiction of Papua New Guinea (PNG), began in 1987 as a dispute over compensation for the use of land by Bougainville Copper Ltd, a an Australian subsidiary. The underlying issue of independence soon emerged and the conflict escalated between the government of PNG and the native islanders, in turn spearheaded by the Bougainville Revolutionary Army (BRA). Until fighting ended in 1998, an estimated 20,000 died in the conflict. Several pre-negotiation agreements culminated in an agreement to a 'permanent and irrevocable' ceasefire, and a framework for normalizing the PNG-Bourgainville relationship, which included elections. Close Bougainville Conflict (1987 - 1998)

Stage	Pre-negotiation/process

- **Conflict nature** Government/territory
- Peace process Bougainville: peace process
- PartiesNote: Parties are not listed in agreement, but instead agreement states that the parties
are the same as the parties to the Burnham Truce.
National Govt of PNG, Bougainville Transitional Govt, the Resistance, the Bougainville
Interim Govt, Bougainville Revolutionary Army
- Third parties

 Description
 Agreement establishing Truce Monitoring Group further to Burnham Truce agreement, and Peace Consultative Committee.

AgreementPG_971124_Cairns_Commitment on Implementation.pdf (opens in new tab) | DownloaddocumentPDF

Groups

Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state No specific mention. (general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	Page 2, 5. The Peace Consultative Committee may, by unanimous consent of its members, invite representatives of other groups or bodies or person to become members.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and	No specific mention.
courts	
Prisons and	No specific mention.
detention	

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

lo specific mention.
lo specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.

Water or riparian	No specific mention.
rights or access	

Security sector

Security Guarantees	Page 1, 1. The bodies and groups represented will: (c) ensure that the Truce Monitoring Group issue at all times from attack, interference or hindrance;
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.

Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.
Implementation	
UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.

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Enforcement

mechanism

2. Consistent with the Agreement establishing the Truce Monitoring Group, the parties
agree to establish the Peace Consultative Committee provided for in the Agreement in
order to facilitate consultation and liaison -

- among themselves;
- through the Truce Steering Committee, including the Commander, with the Truce Monitoring group; and
- at the local level.

Page 2,

Page 1,

3. The parties recognise that the role of the Peace Consultative Committee is to review and assess implementation adherence by the signatories to the Truce. The Peace Consultative Committee will receive regular reports from the Truce Monitoring Group on the implementation, progress and success of the Truce. The Peace Consultative Committee will have no direct involvement in the command or the deployment decisions made by the Truce Monitoring Group;

Page 2,

4. The Peace Consultative Committee will have the following composition:
(a) Core members:
National Government - 3
BTG - 2
BIG - 2
BRA - 2
Resistance- 2
(b) The Chairman will be elected from among the core members
(c) The Committee will determine its working arrangements including frequency of meetings

Page 2,

5. The Peace Consultative Committee may, by unanimous consent of its members, invite representatives of other groups or bodies or person to become members. This Commitment shall take effect as of the date of signature, and shall be reviewed when the leaders meet in January, 1998.

Related casesPage 1,
Recalling and reaffirming the agreements and recommendations embodied in the
Turnham Truce, signed at Turnham Military Camp, New Zealand, on 10th October 1997
("the truce")SourceOriginally accessed from Conciliation Resources Accord (http://www.c-r.org/accord/
papua-new-guinea%E2%80%93bougainville – no longer available from original source).