# Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Sudan
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Jeddah Declaration of Commitment to Protect the Civilians of Sudan
Date	11 May 2023
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes

### Sudan Conflicts (1955 - )

Agreements relate to several distinct dyads, and also the negotiated independence of South Sudan, and subsequent internal conflict in South Sudan. Sudan-South Sudan. The long-standing conflict between the north and the south of the country dates back to colonial times, where the British introduced a so-called 'Southern Policy', severely hampering population movements between these big regions. Immediately after gaining independence in 1956, southern movements started to fight for independence; this fight became professionalised in 1983 with the foundation of the soon internationally supported Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). When the Islamic Front government introduced strict sharia laws in the south after it took over power in 1988 the war intensified. A decade later, the military situation reached a stalemate, enabling internationally facilitated peace negotiations to begin in 1997. After more fighting, a final negotiation push began in 2002, leading to the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Areement (CPA) in January 2005.

Sudan-South Sudan post referendum. South Sudan became independent in July 2011; since then, relations between the two countries are complicated and violent conflict led by the SPLM (North) in the Sudanese Nuba mountains region has since intensified.

Darfur. Other long-standing violent conflicts are in the east and the west of the country. In the east, the Beja Congress, established in 1957, is the spearhead of a currently 'peaceful' opposition movement. In the west, the violent conflict in Darfur intensified in the early 2000s and rapidly gained international attention, even resulting in genocide charges against leading figures of the Sudanese government. The situation on the ground is complex, with over a dozen organisations (most notably the Sudanese Liberation Movement and the Justice and Equality Movement) fighting the Sudanese government and allied groups like the Janjaweed – although all parties have switched sides on numerous occasions. Several mediation attempts have not been successful, due to the shaky commitment of the Sudanese central government and the distrust among the armed opposition.

### South Sudan - internal

In December 2013, after president Salva Kiir accused opposition leader Riek Machar of attempting a coup, violent conflict broke out between government forces of the SPLM/A and anti-governmental groups. In addition, several other political militias as well as communal militias have joined the conflict. In 2015 the Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (ARCSS) was signed. Due to unsuccessful implementation the agreement was revitalized in 2018. In September 2019, Kiir and Machar agreed to establish a power-sharing government after struggles on forming a unity transitional government.

Close Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

**Stage** Framework/substantive - partial

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Conflict nature Government/territory
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Peace process	Sudan Transition Process
Parties	Sudanese Armed Forces, Rear Admiral, Mahjoub Bushra Ahmed Rahma
	Rapid Support Forces, Brigadier General, Omer Hamdan Ahmed Hammad
Third parties	United States, Saudi Arabia
Description	The "Jeddah Declaration of Commitment to Protect the Civilians of Sudan," signed on May 11, 2023, by representatives of the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), outlines a series of commitments primarily centered on the protection of civilians and the facilitation of humanitarian aid amid ongoing conflict. The commitments include respecting international humanitarian and human rights law, ensuring the protection and well-being of civilians, preventing incidental harm, and facilitating the unimpeded passage of humanitarian relief. Furthermore, the declaration emphasizes the necessity of discussions towards a short-term ceasefire and a subsequent permanent cessation of hostilities.
Agreement document	SD_230511_Jeddah Declaration of Commitment to Protect the Civilians of Sudan.pdf (opens in new tab)   Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	Groups→Children/youth→Substantive Commitments
	 Refrain from the recruitment of children and the use of children in hostilities. ( Locate in agreement)
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical <b>Commitments</b> 1. We agree that the interests and well-being of the Sudanese people are our top priority and affirm our commitment to ensure that civilians are protected at all times. ( Locate in agreement)
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.

Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	<b>Commitments</b>  Refrain from any form of torture or other cruel, inhumane or degrading treatment, including sexual violence of all kinds. Locate in agreement
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

# State definition

Nature of state (general)	Preamble  We affirm our unwavering commitment to the sovereignty of Sudan and to maintaining its unity and territorial integrity. Locate in agreement
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border No specific mention. provision

Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.

### Civil society Preamble

We, the undersigned, representing the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), with this Declaration of Commitment, reaffirm our core obligations under International Humanitarian Law to facilitate humanitarian action to meet the needs of civilians.

Locate in agreement

## Commitments

- Ensure that checkpoints are not used to infringe upon the principle of the freedom of movement for civilians and humanitarian actors. Locate in agreement
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Take all possible measures to collect and evacuate the wounded and sick, including combatants, without discrimination, and allow humanitarian organizations to do so; Locate in agreement

Treat all persons deprived of their liberty in a humane manner and provide principal humanitarian organizations with regular access to persons in detention. Locate in agreement

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We agree on the need to allow principal humanitarian operations to resume and to protect humanitarian personnel and assets, including to: Locate in agreement

•••

Allow and facilitate the rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian relief, including medical and surgical equipment, and ensure relief personnel the freedom of movement required for their functions.

Locate in agreement

•••

Facilitating the safe, rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian personnel through all available routes (and any established humanitarian corridors) as needs require, into and within the country, including the movement of humanitarian convoys. Locate in agreement

Adopting simple and expedited procedures for all logistical and administrative arrangements necessary for humanitarian relief operations. Locate in agreement

Refraining from interference with principal humanitarian operations and never accompany side by side humanitarian personnel carrying out humanitarian activities, in conformity with the Amended Directives and Procedures for Humanitarian Action in Sudan.

Locate in agreement

Protect and respect humanitarian workers, assets, supplies, offices, warehouses, and other facilities.

Locate in agreement

Armed actors must not interfere in the actions of humanitarian operations. Locate in agreement

While respecting the principle of the neutrality of humanitarian actors, armed actors must guarantee the security of corridors for transport and areas for storage and distribution.

Locate in agreement

Page 6 of 20

<sup>4.</sup> We commit to evert all efforts to ensure that these commitments and all obligations

Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

# Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL	Commitments
general	 Respect the fundamental humanitarian principles of humanity, impartiality, neutrality, and operational independence. Locate in agreement
	 Refraining from interference with principal humanitarian operations and never accompany side by side humanitarian personnel carrying out humanitarian activities, in conformity with the Amended Directives and Procedures for Humanitarian Action in Sudan. Locate in agreement
	 While respecting the principle of the neutrality of humanitarian actors, armed actors must guarantee the security of corridors for transport and areas for storage and distribution. Locate in agreement
Bill of rights/simila	<b>r</b> No specific mention.
Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.

Civil and political rights	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Torture <b>Commitments</b>
	 Refrain from any form of torture or other cruel, inhumane or degrading treatment, including sexual violence of all kinds. ( Locate in agreement)
	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Humane treatment in detention <b>Commitments</b>
	 Treat all persons deprived of their liberty in a humane manner and provide principal humanitarian organizations with regular access to persons in detention. ( Locate in agreement)
	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of movement Commitments
	 Ensure that checkpoints are not used to infringe upon the principle of the freedom of movement for civilians and humanitarian actors. ( Locate in agreement)
	 Uphold and not hamper the right of civilians to pass and travel via roads and bridges, inside and outside the State of Khartoum. ( Locate in agreement)
	 Allow and facilitate the rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian relief, including medical and surgical equipment, and ensure relief personnel the freedom of movement required for their functions.
	( Locate in agreement)
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.
Rights related issue	es
Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.

Detention procedures	<b>Commitments</b>  Refrain from engaging in forced disappearances and arbitrary detention of civilians. Locate in agreement
	 It is prohibited to attack, harass, intimidate or arbitrarily detain personnel, or to attack, destroy, misappropriate or loot relief supplies, installations, material, units or vehicles. Locate in agreement
Media and communication	No specific mention.

# Mobility/access Commitments

This includes allowing safe passage for civilians to leave areas of active hostilities on a voluntary basis, in the direction they choose. Locate in agreement

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Allow all civilians to voluntarily and safely leave areas of hostilities and any besieged areas.

Locate in agreement

Treat all persons deprived of their liberty in a humane manner and provide principal humanitarian organizations with regular access to persons in detention. Locate in agreement

We agree on the need to allow principal humanitarian operations to resume and to protect humanitarian personnel and assets, including to: Locate in agreement

Facilitating the safe, rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian personnel through all available routes (and any established humanitarian corridors) as needs require, into and within the country, including the movement of humanitarian convoys. Locate in agreement

... While respecting the principle of the neutrality of humanitarian actors, armed actors must guarantee the security of corridors for transport and areas for storage and distribution.

Locate in agreement

Protection measures	Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians <b>Commitments</b>
	<ol> <li>We agree that the interests and well-being of the Sudanese people are our top priority and affirm our commitment to ensure that civilians are protected at all times.</li> <li>(Locate in agreement)</li> </ol>
	This includes allowing safe passage for civilians to leave areas of active hostilities on a voluntary basis, in the direction they choose. ( Locate in agreement)
	 Distinguish at all times between civilians and combatants and between civilian objects and military targets. ( Locate in agreement)
	Refrain from any attack that may be expected to cause incidental civilian harm that would be excessive in relation to the concrete and direct military advantage anticipated. ( Locate in agreement)
	Take all feasible precautions to avoid and minimize civilian harm, with an aim to vacate urban centers, including civilian houses.
	( Locate in agreement) Civilians should not be used as human shields, for example. ( Locate in agreement)
	 Allow all civilians to voluntarily and safely leave areas of hostilities and any besieged areas.
	<ul> <li>( Locate in agreement)</li> <li>Commit to safeguard the needs and necessities indispensable to the survival of the civilian population, which can include foodstuffs, agricultural areas, crops, and livestock.</li> <li>( Locate in agreement)</li> </ul>
	Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups Commitments
	 Commit to respect and protect medical personnel and public installations. ( Locate in agreement)
	 Protect and respect humanitarian workers, assets, supplies, offices, warehouses, and other facilities.
Other	( Locate in agreement) No specific mention.
Rights institutions	
NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or	No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

Judiciary and No specific mention. courts

Prisons andNo specific mention.detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

# **Development or** socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Preamble

We, the undersigned, representing the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), with this Declaration of Commitment, reaffirm our core obligations under International Humanitarian Law to facilitate humanitarian action to meet the needs of civilians.

(Locate in agreement)

Commitments

Take all possible measures to collect and evacuate the wounded and sick, including combatants, without discrimination, and allow humanitarian organizations to do so; (Locate in agreement)

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...

Treat all persons deprived of their liberty in a humane manner and provide principal humanitarian organizations with regular access to persons in detention. (Locate in agreement)

3. We recognize that humanitarian activities solely aim to alleviate human suffering and protect the lives and dignity of persons who are not or are no longer fighting. (Locate in agreement)

We agree on the need to allow principal humanitarian operations to resume and to protect humanitarian personnel and assets, including to:

(Locate in agreement)

...

Allow and facilitate the rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian relief, including medical and surgical equipment, and ensure relief personnel the freedom of movement required for their functions.

(Locate in agreement)

...

Facilitating the safe, rapid and unimpeded passage of humanitarian personnel through all available routes (and any established humanitarian corridors) as needs require, into and within the country, including the movement of humanitarian convoys. (Locate in agreement)

Adopting simple and expedited procedures for all logistical and administrative arrangements necessary for humanitarian relief operations.

(Locate in agreement)

Observing the implementation of regular humanitarian pauses and days of tranquility as needed.

(Locate in agreement)

Refraining from interference with principal humanitarian operations and never accompany side by side humanitarian personnel carrying out humanitarian activities, in conformity with the Amended Directives and Procedures for Humanitarian Action in Sudan.

(Locate in agreement)

Protect and respect humanitarian workers, assets, supplies, offices, warehouses, and other facilities.

(Locate in agreement)

Armed actors must not interfere in the actions of humanitarian operations. (Locate in agreement)

While respecting the principle of the neutrality of humanitarian actors, armed actors must guarantee the security page or storage for transport and areas for storage and distribution.

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National economic plan	No specific mention.	
Natural resources	No specific mention.	
International funds	No specific mention.	
Business	No specific mention.	
Taxation	No specific mention.	
Banks	No specific mention.	
Land, property and environment		
Land, property and	environment	
	environment No specific mention.	
Land reform/rights Pastoralist/	No specific mention.	
Land reform/rights Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention. No specific mention.	

# Security sector

Security Guarantees	<b>Commitments</b>  While respecting the principle of the neutrality of humanitarian actors, armed actors must guarantee the security of corridors for transport and areas for storage and distribution. Locate in agreement
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments <b>Commitments</b>  7. In furtherance of the principles and commitments contained herein, we commit to prioritizing discussions to achieve a short-term ceasefire to facilitate the delivery of emergency humanitarian assistance and restoration of essential services, and we commit to scheduling subsequent expanded discussions to achieve a permanent cessation of hostilities. ( Locate in agreement)
Police	No specific mention.

### Armed forces Preamble

...

We, the undersigned, representing the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), with this Declaration of Commitment, reaffirm our core obligations under International Humanitarian Law to facilitate humanitarian action to meet the needs of civilians.

Locate in agreement

We affirm our unwavering commitment to the sovereignty of Sudan and to maintaining its unity and territorial integrity.

Locate in agreement

We recognize that commitment to the Declaration of Commitment will not affect any legal, security, or political status of the parties signing it, nor will it be linked to participation in any political process.

Locate in agreement

...

### Commitments

1. We agree that the interests and well-being of the Sudanese people are our top priority and affirm our commitment to ensure that civilians are protected at all times. Locate in agreement

This includes allowing safe passage for civilians to leave areas of active hostilities on a voluntary basis, in the direction they choose.

Locate in agreement

2. We affirm our responsibility to respect International Humanitarian Law and international human rights law, including obligations to:

Locate in agreement

Distinguish at all times between civilians and combatants and between civilian objects and military targets.

Locate in agreement

Refrain from any attack that may be expected to cause incidental civilian harm that would be excessive in relation to the concrete and direct military advantage anticipated. Locate in agreement

Take all feasible precautions to avoid and minimize civilian harm, with an aim to vacate urban centers, including civilian houses.

Locate in agreement

Civilians should not be used as human shields, for example.

Locate in agreement

Ensure that checkpoints are not used to infringe upon the principle of the freedom of movement for civilians and humanitarian actors.

Locate in agreement

Allow all civilians to voluntarily and safely leave areas of hostilities and any besieged areas.

Locate in agreement

Commit to safeguard the needs and necessities indispensable to the survival of the civilian population, which can include foodstuffs, agricultural areas, crops, and livestock. Locate in agreement

Looting, ransacking, and ravaging are prohibited.

Locate in agreement

Commit to vacate and refrain from occupying, as well as to respect and protect all public and private facilities, such as hospitals and water and electricity installations, and refrain from using them for military purposes.

Locate in agreement

Commit to respect and protect medical transports such as ambulances and refrain from using them for military purpeses 16 of 20

Locate in agreement

Commit to respect and protect medical personnel and public installations

**DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence No specific mention. services

# Parastatal/rebel Preamble

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# and opposition group forces

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Commit to respect and protect medical transports such as ambulances and refrain from using them for military purpeses 18 of 20

Locate in agreement

Commit to respect and protect medical personnel and public installations

Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	Commitments  Looting, ransacking, and ravaging are prohibited. Locate in agreement  It is prohibited to attack, harass, intimidate or arbitrarily detain personnel, or to attack, destroy, misappropriate or loot relief supplies, installations, material, units or vehicles. Locate in agreement
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

# Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

# Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	No specific mention.