Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Syria

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and the Syrian Liberation Front to de-escalate

military presence in the towns of Hama and Idlib provinces

Date 28 Feb 2018

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -)

The agreements relate to three different conflict contexts. Israel-Syria and Syria-Lebanon. The Syrian-Israeli conflict was a key factor for the Syrian intervention during the Lebanese Civil War, with Syrian-backed Palestinian Liberation Army units intervened in 1976 against the Palestinian/Leftist militias. Following a massacre at Tel al-Zaatar that year, Syria was forced to accept a ceasefire at a meeting of the Arab League. However, the Arab League also mandated an Arab Deterrence Force, consisting of mostly Syrian soldiers with token contributions from other Arab League states, thus further legitimizing the Syrian presence in Lebanon. During a second bout of fighting that began in 1989, caused by the formation of rival Lebanese regimes in East and West Beirut, the Syrian-backed regime won and in 1991 the 'Treaty of Brotherhood, Cooperation and Coordination' was signed to legalize the Syrian occupation as a means to ensure the security of Syria. Syrian forces were forced to withdraw in 2005 following possible involvement in the assassination of Lebanon's President Hariri.

Syria-internal. In 2011, domestic upheaval following a wave of protests across the Arab World soon led to violent repression of protestors by Syrian government troops. The violence progressed steadily and by July 2011 the Free Syrian Army (FSA) was formed consisting of defected military units and new recruits. The FSA and rebel umbrella group known as the Syrian National Council represented the first attempt at coordinating rebel factions in late 2011. However, a steady influx of foreign fighters and increased sectarianism radicalised opposition groups, which relied on foreign funding. The nature of the conflict changed drastically in late 2013 as infighting among the opposition groups increased. One of the more significant developments was the split between the al-Qaeda outfits the Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, ISIS), and Jabhat al-Nusra in early 2014 in addition to the intensified targeting of other rebel factions by ISIS fighters in particular, including the Kurdish Peshmerga, the FSA and other jihadist outfits. Since the summer of 2014, the conflict was further internationalized when ISIS announced the formation of an Islamic state eroding the state line between Iraq and Syria and also in mid-2015 when Russian forces intervened on behalf of the Bashar al-Assad government in Damascus.

Close

Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Syrian Local Agreements

Parties From Hay 'at Tahrīr al-Shām Abu Mahood Khatab [signature]

From Jabhat Tahrīr Suria Abu al-Yaman Turk [signature]

Third parties Guarantor Major Jamil al-Salih [signature]

Description Five-point agreement providing for the neutralization of fighting between Hayat Tahrir

> al-Sham and Jabhat Tahrir Suriyya. It is restricted to those engaged in fighting and provides that Hayat Tahrir al-Sham cannot open HQs in the mentioned areas or interfere in the affairs of the city. In return, Jabhat Tahrir Suriyya will not attack HTS HQ from

factions that have stayed away from fighting.

Agreement SY 180228 Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and the Syrian Liberation Front to de-

escalate military presence in the towns of Hama and Idlib provinces.pdf (opens in new

tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

language)

SY_180228_Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and the Syrian Liberation Front to dedocument (original escalate military presence in the towns of Hama and Idlib provinces.pdf (opens in new

tab)

Groups

document

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups Groups→Other groups→Substantive

Page 1, 2- This agreement does not include those who do not engage in fighting, unless it

is proven otherwise.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention. Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

_ -

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security
Guarantees

Page 1, 1 - He who remains inside his home is safe

Page 1, 4 - It is forbidden to open any headquarters for them "Hay' at Taḥrīr al-Shām"

in the aforementioned areas

Page 1, 5- Jabhat Taḥrīr Suria pledges not to attack any headquarters of Hay 'at Taḥrīr

al-Shām that has been neutralized in the fight

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, 5- Jabhat Taḥrīr Suria pledges not to attack any headquarters of Hay 'at Taḥrīr

al-Shām that has been neutralized in the fight

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1, 3- Hay 'at Taḥrīr al-Shām is committed to not interfere in civil affairs in the

aforementioned areas

Page 1, 5- Jabhat Taḥrīr Suria pledges not to attack any headquarters of Hay 'at Taḥrīr

al-Shām that has been neutralized in the fight

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source Syria TV (2018), "Tahrir Al-Sham" raided the Kafranbel Hospital in Idlib and arrested a

- تحرير/wounded man, 1 March, https://web.archive.org/save/https://www.syria.tv

الشام-تداهم-مشفى-كفرنبل-في-إدلب-وتعتقل-مصابا