Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Libya

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name Statement from the Sheikhs and Dignitaries of the Tribes of Tarhunah Regarding the

Events Taking Place in Southern Tripoli

Date 22 Jan 2019

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -)

Agreements relate to two distinct conflict dyads.

Libya-Chad. Since the 1970s, Libya under Colonel Muammar Gaddafi had a tense relationship with its neighbour Chad, predominantly focused on the resource-rich Aouzou Strip in northern Chad. Libyan claims of the Aouzou Strip were held in an unratified treaty between France and Italy in 1935, similarly Chadian claims of the Strip were argued with support of a 1955 treaty between Libya and France. In 1973, Libya effectively annexed the Strip to gain access to natural resources. This spurred cross-border clashes between 1979 until 1987 until escalated to a brief war known as the Toyota War, wherein Chadian government troops succeeded in repelling Libyan forces. A brief and repeatedly violated ceasefire was held from 1987-88, followed by a series of unsuccessful negotiations, until an International Court of Justice ruling in 1994, which granted sovereignty of the Strip to Chad.

Libya post-Gaddafi. Gaddafi's downfall following the Libyan Civil War in 2011-2012, led to several factions fighting for the country's leadership. Since 2013, the country effectively split into three entities, with the National Army controlling the east including the city of Benghazi, and the New General National Congress and their militias such as the Golden Dawn controlling the northwest including the capital of Tripoli. Significant portions of the country in the south-west are currently held by Tuareg forces. The civil war and chaos continued into 2014 as the General National Congress refused to disband after the expiry of its mandate, resulting in eruption of mass protests. The UN efforts continue to broker peace between the Libyan Army and the Libya Dawn factions, and a partial ceasefire was declared in January 2015. A new interim-government (Tunisia-based) called 'Government of National Accord' is formed with the backing of UN despite the refusal of the other forces to recognise its authority and arrived to Tripoli with the UN in 2016. A state of emergency was declared by the UN backed government amid clashed between rival militia in Tripoli's southern suburbs. Since April 2019 there has been sustained fighting between the Libyan National Army and the UN-backed government in Tripoli as the Libyan National Army aims to seize Tripoli.

Close

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Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -
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Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Libyan local processes

Parties Sheikhs and Dignitaries of the Tribes of Tarhunah (Social Council of Tarhunah)

Third parties -

Description An agreement described as between civic leaders, which appears to solidify a ceasefires,

directed at violence in Tripoli between rival militias linked to the U.N.-backed

 $Government\ of\ National\ Accord\ (GNA), including\ the\ 7th\ Brigade\ and\ Tripoli\ Protection$

Force connected to a Wafalla Tribe initiative in Southern Tripoli. The agreement

concentrates on restoring relationships within the city.

Agreement document

LY_190122_Tarhunah Ceasefire_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

LY_190122_Tarhunah Ceasefire_AR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

Page 1,

5. The members of the tribes of Tarhunah call upon all of the people who were sheltered by the city of Tarhunah as a result of the events that the country is going through to adhere to the laws in effect and respect the social customs and values in Libya with regards to social hospitality.

They also call upon those of them that are accused of crimes anywhere in Libya to present themselves to the courts to look into their cases and the charges against them. In the case that these individuals do not respect these values and principles, then the dignitaries and sheikhs of the tribes of Tarhunah, like other tribes, will have to take the necessary steps to end their right to reside and be protected in the city.

Public

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international No specific mention.

human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

Page 1,

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Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Page 1,

2. The members of the tribes of Tarhunah reject violence and religious or political extremism, and they confirm that the city of Tarhunah has nothing to do with any extremist agenda, and it will not be held hostage by any group that uses violence to achieve its aims.

Transitional justice

general

Transitional justice Page 1, 4. The members of the tribes of Tarhunah call upon the security agencies in the city to arrest all individuals accused of committing crimes in the city or outside it, and they ask all of the other cities and areas in Libya to do the same.

> Page 1, 5. They also call upon those of them that are accused of crimes anywhere in Libya to present themselves to the courts to look into their cases and the charges against them. In the case that these individuals do not respect these values and principles, then the dignitaries and sheikhs of the tribes of Tarhunah, like other tribes, will have to take the necessary steps to end their right to reside and be protected in the city.

Amnesty/pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

Transitional justice→Courts→National courts

4. The members of the tribes of Tarhunah call upon the security agencies in the city to arrest all individuals accused of committing crimes in the city or outside it, and they ask all of the other cities and areas in Libya to do the same.

Page 1,

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Mechanism

No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims

Page 1,

3. The people of Tarhunah give their sincerest and most heartfelt condolences to the victims of these events, and they call upon all Libyans to give up their weapons and use dialogue to end their disputes.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

Reconciliation

Page 1,

The people of Tarhunah stress the importance of national

unity, rejecting any conflicts, and staying sensible, they welcome the agreement that was

a result

of the efforts of the sheikhs and dignitaries in the Social Council of the Warfalla Tribes,

and

they would like to stress the importance of the following:

1. Adhering to the provisions of the statement on the efforts for reconciliation that was

issued

by the delegation of the Social Council of the Warfalla Tribes, which was approved by

the Reconciliation Council in the city of Greater Tripoli

Implementation

UN signatory

No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

Libya News, https://web.archive.org/save/https://www.libyaakhbar.com/libya-news/

850185.html