#### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Central African Republic
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Acte d'Engagement Entre Les Groupes Anti-Balakas de la Nana Membere et 3R (Bouar Agreement)
Date	14 Dec 2017
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 - )

The Central African Republic conflict is one of a set of regionally connected conflicts addressed by the African Great Lakes process. After the country gained independence from France in 1960 it has been ruled by a sequence of autocratic leaders that principally gained power through coups. Since the mid-1990s several waves of internal conflict took place in the Central African Republic, primarily along tribal, and later-on increasingly sectarian, lines. In 1996 and 1997, French troops and soldiers from neighbouring countries intervened to end a mutiny in the capital, Bangui, by factions of the army. The fighting was predominantly along tribal lines, with southern tribes in revolt against the 'northern' government. A UN mission was installed in 1998 to secure the truce. After General Bozizé took control of the country after several coup attempts in 2003, a 'bush war' began led by armed opposition forces. From late 2006 onward, government troops with French military support severely weakened the rebels. Following this, a number of agreements were signed during 2007-2008, but not all factions have accepted them. In 2011, Bozizé was re-elected in supposedly fraudulent elections, which resulted in a new wave of uprisings. Séléka, an alliance of northern rebel groups, took over parts of the country and forced Bozizé to agree to a power-sharing deal. However, after this agreement broke down, Séléka took control of Bangui and Bozizé had to flee the country in 2013. Leader of Séléka, Michel Djotodia, took office and officially disbanded Séléka. However, continual violence between ex-Séléka groups and opposing militias, collectively known as 'anti-balaka', persisted and Djotodia was forced to resign less than a year later. Catherine Samba-Panza was installed as interim president until Faustin Archange Touadéra was elected in January 2016. In February 2019 an agreement was signed between the government and fourteen armed groups, including ex-Seleka groups, committed to disarmament. However, violence between ex-Seleka groups and anti-balaka continues. Close

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

**Conflict nature** Inter-group

Peace process	CAR: Local Processes
Parties	Pour le groupe ANTI-BALAKA représenté par M. Adamou Sylvain GBOKAO NDALE Pour le groupe 3R répresenté par M. SIDIKI ABADDI
Third parties	témoins M. Jonad DONON - Membre de l'Assemblée Nationale M. Amadou ISSA ADAMOU - Conseiller du Chef de l'Etat en Matière de l'Agriculture de  et l'Elevage M. Alexis NAGUEZANGBA - Préfet de la Nana-Mambere M. Paul Shaba BAGAZA YEDERE - Sous-Préfet de Bouar M. Lazare NAMBENA - Président de la Délégation Spéciale de la Ville de Bouar M. Roger GODONGAI - Commandant de la FACA dans la Nana-Mambere Mme. Christine KAPALATA - Chef de Bureau de la MINUSCA a Bouar M. Augusti KOULAS - Représentant du Centre pour le Dialogue Humaitaire (HD)
Description	Agreement signed between rival armed factions in Bouar, in the province of Nana- Mambéré, in which they commit to an unconditional ceasefire as well as the cessation of all hostilities and attacks against armed fighters from the opposite side. The agreement also includes a number of provisions related to disarmament, economic recovery, return of the displaced, freedom of people and goods and free access to health and education. Later reports of the UN recorded the date at 15 December 2017, however the date on the photographed original is clearly 14 December 2017.
Agreement document	CF_14122017_Acte_DEngagement_Entre_Les_Groupes_Anti-Balakas_de_la_Nana- Mambere_et_3R_tr.pdf (opens in new tab)   Download PDF
Agreement document (original language)	CF_14122017_Acte_DEngagement_Entre_Les_Groupes_Anti-Balakas_de_la_Nana- Mambere_et_3R.pdf (opens in new tab)
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group	Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical Page 2, Preamble This alongside mutual understanding and cooperation between different ethnic communities and religious groups; Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive Page 3, Article 9 Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall, individually and collectively, take specific joint measures to inform their respective combatants and supporters and the populations in general of the localities concerned, to stop hostile acts against each other and any other act capable of jeopardizing peace in Nana-Mambéré. These include ethnic and religious discrimination, intimidation, extortion, the use of hostile propaganda and incitement that may harm life or cause damage to property.
Religious groups	Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical Page 2, Preamble Recognizing that the responsibility to determine the fate of our region depends on the realities of our country and on the basic values of justice, the rule of law, democracy, good governance, respect for fundamental human rights and freedoms, unity and solidarity. This alongside mutual understanding and cooperation between different ethnic communities and religious groups; Groups→Religious groups→Substantive Page 3, Article 9 Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall, individually and collectively, take specific joint measures to inform their respective combatants and supporters and the populations in general of the localities concerned, to stop hostile acts against each other and any other act capable of jeopardizing peace in Nana-Mambéré. These include ethnic and religious discrimination, intimidation, extortion, the use of hostile propaganda and incitement that may harm life or cause damage to property.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
persons	Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: d) Commitment to returning persons in Nana-Mambéré who were displaced during Party hostilities
Social class	No specific mention.

## Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

# State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.

Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	Page 1, Preamble, Bearing in mind the national desire to build a nation-wide peaceful society, including that of the nation's largest forces, such as the Religious Authorities, Civil Society, and political parties;
	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: a) The free movement of persons and goods, including humanitarian organizations in Nana-Mambéré;
Traditional/ religious leaders	Page 1, Preamble, Bearing in mind the national desire to build a nation-wide peaceful society, including that of the nation's largest forces, such as the Religious Authorities, Civil Society, and political parties;
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

### Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 2, Preamble

generalRecognizing that the responsibility to determine the fate of our region depends on the<br/>realities of our country and on the basic values of justice, the rule of law, democracy,<br/>good governance, respect for fundamental human rights and freedoms, unity and<br/>solidarity.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty	No specific mention.
incorporation	
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

### **Rights related issues**

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	Page 2, Preamble Recognizing that the responsibility to determine the fate of our region depends on the realities of our country and on the basic values of justice, the rule of law, democracy, good governance, respect for fundamental human rights and freedoms, unity and solidarity.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 3, Article 9 Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall, individually and collectively, take specific joint measures to inform their respective combatants and supporters and the populations in general of the localities concerned, to stop hostile acts against each other and any other act capable of jeopardizing peace in Nana-Mambéré. These include ethnic and religious discrimination, intimidation, extortion, the use of hostile propaganda and incitement that may harm life or cause damage to property. Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other Page 3, Article 10 The terms of the Agreement will be communicated simultaneously to the civilian population by local radio, print media and other means of communication.

Mobility/access	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: a) The free movement of persons and goods, including humanitarian organizations in Nana-Mambéré;  b) Free access to health facilities, such as hospitals and medical centers; c) Free access to schools and other public buildings;
Protection	Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups
measures	Page 3, Article 9 Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall, individually and collectively, take specific joint measures to inform their respective combatants and supporters and the populations in general of the localities concerned, to stop hostile acts against each other and any other act capable of jeopardizing peace in Nana-Mambéré. These include ethnic and religious discrimination, intimidation, extortion, the use of hostile propaganda and incitement that may harm life or cause damage to property.
Other	No specific mention.
Rights institutions	
NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law		
State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.	
Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.	
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.	
Traditional Laws	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things:  f) The use of local traditional mechanisms of conflict management in the event of disputes regarding use of natural resources;  g) The systematic use of the exchange network established by this agreement in the event of disagreements	

# Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: a) The free movement of persons and goods, including humanitarian organizations in Nana-Mambéré;
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things:  f) The use of local traditional mechanisms of conflict management in the event of disputes regarding use of natural resources;

International funds No specific mention.

Business	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: a) The free movement of persons and goods, including humanitarian organizations in Nana-Mambéré;
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.
Land, property and	lenvironment
Land reform/rights	E Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Property return and restitution Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things: 
	e) Tolerance towards private property (houses, vehicles, agricultural parcels, livestock, etc.);
Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	Page 2, Article 3 Upon signature of the Agreement, the use of weapons, as well as aggressive acts such as the burning of villages and granaries, theft of livestock, further attacks on civilians and any other act that may constitute or facilitate a violation of the Agreement must cease immediately.
	Page 3, Article 5 The Parties, under the supervision of the Center for Humanitarian Dialogue shall jointly outline with Community leaders, the conditions for the operation of local mechanisms for the prevention and management of the problems related to violence. These will act in the event of aggression, extortion and livestock theft, often a source of inter-communal tension and bloody clashes between the Parties.
	Page 3, Article 6 The transport of animals within Nana-Mambéré or from Nana-Mambéré to other localities of the CAR will be accompanied by a Certificate of Origin, to better control the livestock movement and to prevent theft.
	Page 3, Article 7 The Parties' commitment to peace, reconciliation and social cohesion implies amongst other things:
	 e) Tolerance towards private property (houses, vehicles, agricultural parcels, livestock, etc.);
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.

#### **Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian	No specific mention.
rights or access	

# **Security sector** Security Page 2, Article 4 Guarantees Over the thirty (30) days following the Agreement's entry into force, the Parties shall establish with the support of the Center for Humanitarian Dialogue: 1. An information exchange network composed of community leaders, with the involvement of Party leaders 2. Detailed mapping that will define: - Areas from which or to which the groups must withdraw; - Demilitarized zones to serve as a buffer zone between the respective armed combatants of the Parties. For the purposes of this document, a demilitarized zone is an area where neither party has a temporary or permanent base. Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 2, Article 2 Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall jointly observe an unconditional ceasefire and cessation of hostilities or aggression against the armed forces of both parties, and against the civilian populations of all the towns of Nana-Mambéré. Page 2, Article 3 Upon signature of the Agreement, the use of weapons, as well as aggressive acts such as

the burning of villages and granaries, theft of livestock, further attacks on civilians and any other act that may constitute or facilitate a violation of the Agreement must cease immediately.

#### Page 3, Article 9

Upon signature of the Agreement, the Parties shall, individually and collectively, take specific joint measures to inform their respective combatants and supporters and the populations in general of the localities concerned, to stop hostile acts against each other and any other act capable of jeopardizing peace in Nana-Mambéré. These include ethnic and religious discrimination, intimidation, extortion, the use of hostile propaganda and incitement that may harm life or cause damage to property.

- Police No specific mention.
- Armed forces No specific mention.
- **DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	Page 2, Article 3 Upon signature of the Agreement, the use of weapons, as well as aggressive acts such as the burning of villages and granaries, theft of livestock, further attacks on civilians and any other act that may constitute or facilitate a violation of the Agreement must cease immediately. Page 3, Article 5 The Parties, under the supervision of the Center for Humanitarian Dialogue shall jointly
	outline with Community leaders, the conditions for the operation of local mechanisms for the prevention and management of the problems related to violence. These will act in the event of aggression, extortion and livestock theft, often a source of inter-communal tension and bloody clashes between the Parties.
	Page 3, Article 6 The transport of animals within Nana-Mambéré or from Nana-Mambéré to other localities of the CAR will be accompanied by a Certificate of Origin, to better control the livestock movement and to prevent theft.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.
Transitional justice	
Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.

Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	Page 2, Preamble  Reaffirming our commitment to cease all violence and determined to move firmly towards an environment of peace, social cohesion, reconciliation and well-being of the people of Nana-Mambéré;
Implementation	
UN signatory	Witnesses Mme. Christine KAPALATA - MINUSCA Office manager in Bouar
Other internationa signatory	l M. Augusti KOULAS [signature] Representative of the Center for Humanitarian Dialogue (HD)
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Humanitarian Dialogue