Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Libya

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name Pledge and Reconciliation Charter Between the Cities of Misrata and Zintan

Date 26 Apr 2018

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -)

Agreements relate to two distinct conflict dyads.

Libya-Chad. Since the 1970s, Libya under Colonel Muammar Gaddafi had a tense relationship with its neighbour Chad, predominantly focused on the resource-rich Aouzou Strip in northern Chad. Libyan claims of the Aouzou Strip were held in an unratified treaty between France and Italy in 1935, similarly Chadian claims of the Strip were argued with support of a 1955 treaty between Libya and France. In 1973, Libya effectively annexed the Strip to gain access to natural resources. This spurred cross-border clashes between 1979 until 1987 until escalated to a brief war known as the Toyota War, wherein Chadian government troops succeeded in repelling Libyan forces. A brief and repeatedly violated ceasefire was held from 1987-88, followed by a series of unsuccessful negotiations, until an International Court of Justice ruling in 1994, which granted sovereignty of the Strip to Chad.

Libya post-Gaddafi. Gaddafi's downfall following the Libyan Civil War in 2011-2012, led to several factions fighting for the country's leadership. Since 2013, the country effectively split into three entities, with the National Army controlling the east including the city of Benghazi, and the New General National Congress and their militias such as the Golden Dawn controlling the northwest including the capital of Tripoli. Significant portions of the country in the south-west are currently held by Tuareg forces. The civil war and chaos continued into 2014 as the General National Congress refused to disband after the expiry of its mandate, resulting in eruption of mass protests. The UN efforts continue to broker peace between the Libyan Army and the Libya Dawn factions, and a partial ceasefire was declared in January 2015. A new interim-government (Tunisia-based) called 'Government of National Accord' is formed with the backing of UN despite the refusal of the other forces to recognise its authority and arrived to Tripoli with the UN in 2016. A state of emergency was declared by the UN backed government amid clashed between rival militia in Tripoli's southern suburbs. Since April 2019 there has been sustained fighting between the Libyan National Army and the UN-backed government in Tripoli as the Libyan National Army aims to seize Tripoli.

Close

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Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 - )
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Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Libyan local processes

Parties Mustafa Muhammad Karwad, Misrata [signed]

Salem Al Mabrook Salamah, Zintan [signed]
Ibrahim Omar Bin Rajab, Misrata [signed]
Mustafa Al Barouni, Zintan [signed]
Mukhtar Ahmad Badi, Misrata [signed]
Omar Ghaith Qarambal, Zintan [signed]
Ahmad Muhammad Al Dharat, Misrata [signed]

Muftah Mansour Ali, Zintan [signed]

Muhammad Ibrahim Al Rajoubi, Misrata [signed]

Abdullah Ahmad, Zintan [signed]

Ramadan Muhammad Maetiq, Misrata [signed] Al Bashir Masoud Al Thuailib, Zintan [signed] Muhammad Ibrahim Al Nuairi, Misrata [signed]

Khalifah A Shuaib, Zintan [signed] Ali Nuradin Kambah, Misrata [signed]

Shaaban Al Amyani Al Marhalni, Zintan [not signed]
Jibril Abdulkareem Al Raidh, Misrata [signed]
Al Mahdi Masoud Abdullah, Zintan [signed]
Miftah Muhammad Al Darwish, Misrata [signed]
Abdullah Saleh Al Bulai'izi, Zintan [signed]
Mustafa Muhammad Warith, Misrata [signed]
Mustafa Ahmad Al Turki, Zintan [signed]

Saleh Ali Ismio, Misrata [signed]

Omar Muhammad Mulaiqitah, Zintan, [not signed]

Faraj Ali Abu Sha'alah, Misrata, [signed] Muhammad Ali Al Nimr, Zintan [not signed] Al Hussein Omar bin Hamidah, Misrata [signed] Mukhtar Dhaw Al Akhdhar, Zintan [not signed]

Muhammad Abdulsalam Al Shah, Misrata [not signed]

Abdulsalam Abu Sitah, Zintan [signed]

Third parties -

Description 18 point agreement between the towns of Zintan and Misrata ending over 4 years of

conflict. The Agreement provides for the unity of Libya; equality in citizenship; an end to clashes; mutual respect; and end to media hostilities; respect for property, freedom of movement and the facilitation of trade; begin exchange of knowledge between public

servants; ending the political crisis.

Agreement LY_180426_Pledge and Reconciliation Charter between the Cities of Misrata and

document Zintan_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement LY_180426_Pledge and Reconciliation Charter between the Cities of Misrata and

document (original Zintan_AR.pdf (opens in new tab)

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

Page 1, 2. Confirming the unity of Libya and rejecting any calls for division, or threats of

(general)

it, of the country

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

Public administration Page 2, 14. Starting an exchange of knowledge and expertise between the public

institutions in the two cities in the field of building and construction, facilitating the work of the public and private companies of each city inside the other city, and investing natural resources in accordance with the law, all through coordination between the two

sides through the joint committee

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

general

Human rights/RoL Page 1, 4. Confirming the principle of citizenship and equality for all Libyans, confirming

their civil and political rights and the right to equal opportunity, and rejecting all

discrimination

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality

Page 1, 4. Confirming the principle of citizenship and equality for all Libyans, confirming

their civil and political rights and the right to equal opportunity, and rejecting all

discrimination

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Freedom of movement

Page 2, 12. Respecting the freedom of movement and trade, as well as the people of each

city

facilitating these freedoms for each other

Socio-economic rights

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property

Page 2, 11. Respecting the property of the people of either city, whether inside each city

or outside it

Rights related issues

Citizenship Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general

Page 1, 4. Confirming the principle of citizenship and equality for all Libyans, confirming

their civil and political rights and the right to equal opportunity, and rejecting all

discrimination

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

communication Page 2, 10. Adhering to the importance of instilling a spirit of cooperation and harmony

among the people of the two cities through the media in the two cities and other means

of spreading culture, like sermons and seminars, in each city

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources Page 2, 14. Starting an exchange of knowledge and expertise between the public

> institutions in the two cities in the field of building and construction, facilitating the work of the public and private companies of each city inside the other city, and investing natural resources in accordance with the law, all through coordination between the two

sides through the joint committee

International funds No specific mention.

Business Page 2, 13. Facilitating commercial and industrial trade, and all economic activities,

between the two

cities

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security **Guarantees** No specific mention.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, 5. Confirming the sanctity of Libyan blood and prohibiting any armed clashes, or threats of it, between the two cities, calling for a resort to dialogue to manage any conflict, and rejecting the threat of violence between the people of the two cities

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon

No specific mention.

Courts

Mechanism Page 1, 8. Working together to solve any disputes, conflicts, or killings between Libyans,

instilling a comprehensive national reconciliation, and forming a joint committee to

solve any outstanding disputes.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, 3. Committing to the principles of the 17 February Revolution as the foundation

for any work, reconciliation, or agreement between the two cities and any other city

Page 1, 7. Mutual respect from the people of the two cities to all of the social components in the two cities, and each city respecting the specificities of the other

Page 2, 15. Coordinating, consulting, and bringing opinions closer in order to serve the

interests of the country

Page 2, 16. Working together to solve the current political crisis and end the suffering of

Libyans

Page 2, 18. We call upon all Libyans to support this agreement and work to make the

efforts of

comprehensive reconciliation successful all over the country.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for No specific mention. agreement

International mission/force/ No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

Related cases No specific mention.

Source Misrata Channel on Facebook post dated 27 April 2018, https://www.facebook.com/

misuratachannel17/posts/

%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D9%88%D9%82%D8%B9%D9%88%D9%86-%D8%B9%D9%84%D9%89-%D8%A7%D8%AA%D9%81%D8%A7%D9%82-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B5%D9%84%D8%AD-%D8%A8%D9%8A%D9%86-

%D9%85%D8%B5%D8%B1%D8%A7%D8%AA%D8%A9-%D9%88-