Country/entity	Bosnia and Herzegovina Yugoslavia (former)
Region	Europe and Eurasia
Agreement name	Ceasefire Agreement
Date	5 May 1992
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Former Yugoslavia

The disintegration of former Yugoslavia post cold war saw conflicts which became mediated and produced peace agreements in Slovenia (where the brief independence conflict was mediated by the EC Troika in 1991), Croatia (between Croatian and Serb populations 1991-1995), in Bosnia (between Croatian, Serb and Bosniak populations 1992-1995), in Macedonia (where mediation played a key pre-emptive role in preventing large scale conflict in 2001), in Kosovo (between Kosovar Albanians and Serbian population and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY), but also between FRY and NATO, 1998-1999), and a conflict in the Presevo Valley (between Albanians in South Serbia and FRY, 2000-2001). The continued fall-out of the disintegration of former Yugoslavia also saw mediated agreement and ultimate dissolution of the Union between Serbia and Montenegro.

Bosnia-Herzegovina

In 1991, after nationalist parties won the first multi-party elections in the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, a violent process of disintegration commenced. With its mixed population, Bosnia-Herzegovina became the centre of the following civil war that began in 1992 between the newly formed army of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina (mostly Muslim Bosniacs), and the parastatal forces of self-declared Bosnian Croat (Herzeg-Bosnia) and Bosnian Serb (Republika Srpska) entities within Bosnia-Herzegovina, supported by Croatia and Serbia, with various, often short-lived, coalitions. The General Framework Agreement (Dayton Peace Agreement), signed in 1995, split the country into two ethno-federal entities, the Bosniak-Croat Federation and the Republika Srpska, and included continued peacekeeping and institutional administration by international actors.

Kosovo

The conflict between Serbs and Kosovar Albanians has a long history and always involved territorial disputes as well as ethno-political, cultural and linguistic factors. The most recent phase of the conflict began in November 1997 when the Albanian Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA or UCK) began their campaign for the independence of Kosovo from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY – then Serbia and Montenegro). The subsequent war lasted until the NATO intervention, which undertook bombing campaigns of Belgrade and other places in Serbia during spring 1999. The main agreements solving the conflict were internationally driven and, finally, a UNSC resolution imposed a post-conflict arrangement in the wake of what was essentially a NATO military victory. In February 2008, Kosovo's parliament declared independence, but independence is still internationally disputed. Close

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Bosnia peace process
Parties	The Presidency; JNA [signatures illegible]
Third parties	Lord Carrington; ECMM [signatures illegible]
Description	This short agreement provides for an immediate ceasefire, exchange of captured and wounded lists, removal of dead bodies in cooperation with the ICRC, free movement of humanitarian aid and establishing hot lines between both sides.
Agreement document	BA_920505_Ceasefire agreement.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive Page 1,
	 It is agreed that by 2000 hs on 7th May lists will be exchanged containing the names of captured and wounded persons on each side.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	Page 1, Each side will be permitted to immediately remove all dead bodies in cooperation with the International Committee for the Red cross (ICRC) and the ECMM
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.
Human rights and equality	
Human rights/RoL general	No specific mention.
Bill of rights/simila	r No specific mention.
Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.

Civil and political No specific mention. rights

Socio-economic No specific mention. rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media logistics Page 1, It is further agreed to allow the free flow of food and medical supplies to all hospitals and military instalations, as well as the restoring of power, water and telecomunication. Hot lines will be established immediately between both sides to facilitate the solving of standing problems
Mobility/access	Page 1, It is further agreed to allow the free flow of food and medical supplies to all hospitals and military instalations, as well as the restoring of power, water and telecomunication
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.
Rights institutions	
NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 1, It is further agreed to allow the free flow of food and medical supplies to all hospitals and military instalations, as well as the restoring of power, water and telecomunication
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.
Land, property and environment	
Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
Pastoralist/	No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	Page 1, It is further agreed to allow the free flow of food and medical supplies to all hospitals and military instalations, as well as the restoring of power, water and telecomunication
Security sector	
Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 1, Fully respect a cease fire to take effect immediately in Sarajevo and effective from 2000 hs else where in Bosnia-Herzegovina on the 5th of May 1992. All sides in the conflict are urged to support the cease fire
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	Page 1, It is agreed that by 2000 hs on 7th May lists will be exchanged containing the names of captured and wounded persons on each side. Each side will be permitted to immediately remove all dead bodies in cooperation with the International Committee for the Red cross (ICRC) and the ECMM
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	Page 1, It is agreed that by 2000 hs on 7th May lists will be exchanged containing the names of captured and wounded persons on each side. Each side will be permitted to immediately remove all dead bodies in cooperation with the International Committee for the Red cross (ICRC) and the ECMM
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.
Implementation	
UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	Page 1, Representatives of the Presidence of Bosnia- Herzegovina and the JNA, under the sponsorship of the personal representative of Lord Carrington and the head of the EC monitoring mission B-H have agreed to
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.

International mission/force/ similar	Page 1, Each side will be permitted to immediately remove all dead bodies in cooperation with the International Committee for the Red cross (ICRC) and the ECMMNegotiations will continue at UNPROFOR HQ at 1200 hs on 6th May.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	ICTY Court Records, Karadzic trial exhibit P00948 http://icr.icty.org/