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Country/entity Myanmar

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Military Code of Conduct between the Government of Burma and Ethnic Armed

Organisations (EAO) in Accordance with the National Ceasefire Agreement (NCA)

Date 18 Nov 2015

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Myanmar Conflict (1948 -)

Internal conflict, mostly along ethno-political fault lines, has been a constant feature of Myanmar since its independence in 1948. The conflict has two distinct dynamics. First a struggle between an authoritarian government and a pro-democracy opposition which has the characteristics of authoritarian conflicts; and second a stuggle between the government and ethnic armed groups which has the characteristics of an identity conflict. The two oldest and strongest militias fighting the government are the Karen National Union (KNU), which has remained active since the late 1940s, and the Kachin Independence Organisation, which was formed in the early 1960s. In total, here are more than a dozen mostly ethnic-based guerrilla groups active throughout the country. Especially in the period of junta dictatorship that lasted until 2011 the government attempted to crush the rebellions, which led to numerous human rights violations. With the start of democratic reforms in the aftermath of the 2010 elections, peace negotiations have taken place and resulted in the signing of various agreements, although conflicts remain active.

Close

Myanmar Conflict (1948 -

)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Myanmar ceasefires process with ethnic armed groups

Parties

Government of Burma represented by

Representatives of the Government

- 1. Lt. Gen. Ya Pyit, Commander, No. 2 Special Operation
- 2. U Khin Maung Soe, Union Minister
- 3. Lt. Gen. Ye Aung, Chief, Military Law
- 4. Maj. Gen. Tun Tun Naung, Commander, No. 1 Special Operation
- 5. Maj. Gen. Aung Kyaw Zaw, Commander, No. 3 Special Operation
- 6. Maj. Gen. Min Naung, Commander, No. 4 Special Operation
- 7. U Myint Soe, Retired Lt. Gen.
- 8. Maj. Gen. Aung Soe, Deputy Minister, Ministry of Interior
- 9. Col. Wun Na Aung, Office of the Ministry of Defense (Army)
- 10. Dr. Min Zaw Oo, Director, MPC

Ethnic Armed Organizations, represented by;

- 1. Maj. Gen. Saw Isaac Poe, Quartermaster General, KNLA and Permanent Central Committee, KNU
- 2. Maj. Gen. Saw Nay Soe Mya, Adjutant General, KNU/KNLA (PC)
- 3. Dr. Shwe Kah, Joint Secretary, CNF
- 4. Col. Saw Kyaw Than Htay, Chief Liaison Officer, DKBA
- 5. Lt. Col. Khun Aung Mang, PNLO
- 6. Salai Yaw Aung, ABSDF
- 7. Lt. Col Khine Myo Chit, ALP
- 8. Col. Hsaung Han, RCSS
- 9. Padoh Saw Ta Doh Moo, KNU
- 10. Sai Liang, RCSS

Third parties

parties

Description

Agreement affirming commitment to the National Ceasefire Agreement and affirming the parametres of conduct between government and Ethnic Armed Organisation groups.

Agreement document

MM_151118_Code of Conduct.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth

Groups→Children/youth→Substantive

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.

... (N) There shall be no killing of children or the mutilation of their body parts, or the recruitment of children into military services, or rape or other sexual violence, arrest and kidnapping against children.

Disabled persons

No specific mention.

Elderly/age

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Substantive

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.

... (K) There shall be no destruction of schools, healthcare facilities, and religious infrastructures without a reason nor shall there be any stationing of military units in such places.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (L) There shall be no direct or indirect activities that hinder or harm the dignity of the preservation of people's religions, literature, and traditions

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (E) No military base or camp shall be set up in religious buildings, schools, hospitals, clinics, cultural sites, and public places.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical

persons Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order

to protect the civilians.

... (C) No civilians shall be forcefully relocated.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order

to protect the civilians.

... (M) There shall be no sexual harassment, sexual violence, and rape or sexual slavery

against women.

(N) There shall be no killing of children or the mutilation of their body parts, or the recruitment of children into military services, or rape or other sexual violence, arrest and

kidnapping against children.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

No specific mention.

State configuration Page 1, Objectives

3. By upholding this Code of Conduct, both parties aim to prevent burden on the public,

reduce hostility between troops of both parties, and build trust and stability.

Subsequently, a federal union shall be established in accordance with the results of

political dialogues.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum

No specific mention.

State symbols

No specific mention.

Independence/ secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

reform

Public

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/

No specific mention.

religious leaders

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar pages 2-3, Chapter 2 Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians. ..

Treaty incorporation

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (M) Both parties shall treat military personnel who are captured or who surrender during an accidental encounter in accordance with the 3 common articles of the 4 Geneva Conventions.

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Torture Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (B) No violence, arbitrary arrest, kidnapping, torture, inhumane treatment, imprisonment, killing, disappearance of a person, and act that will harm the dignity of a person shall be conducted.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Slavery

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (M) There shall be no sexual harassment, sexual violence, and rape or sexual slavery against women.
- (N) There shall be no killing of children or the mutilation of their body parts, or the recruitment of children into military services, or rape or other sexual violence, arrest and kidnapping against children.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (O) There shall be no slavery or force labor on the people.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Liberty and security of person Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (N) There shall be no killing of children or the mutilation of their body parts, or the recruitment of children into military services, or rape or other sexual violence, arrest and kidnapping against children.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Humane treatment in detention Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (M) Both parties shall treat military personnel who are captured or who surrender during an accidental encounter in accordance with the 3 common articles of the 4 Geneva Conventions.

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Fair trial

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (E) No arrest and punishment of civilians shall be done arbitrarily or done through a set up. Should there be reasons for arrest, it must be done accordingly with the law.

Socio-economic No

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order

to protect the civilians.

... (E) No arrest and punishment of civilians shall be done arbitrarily or done through a set up. Should there be reasons for arrest, it must be done accordingly with the law.

Media and communication

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

(8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.

... (G) No hostile propaganda, statements that are false or that harm the dignity of either party shall be issued either domestically or abroad.

Mobility/access

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.

... (I) The right of individual to health shall not be harmed, nor shall the transportation of medical supplies and drug and the services of medical personnel be hindered.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.

... (J) There shall be no interference in the civilians' storage of food items, or the transporting or trading of their goods and crops.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.

... (Q) Civilians shall be allowed to travel freely in ceasefire areas without fear.

Page 4, Movement of the Troops

(10) Tamataw and the EAOs agreed to the following terms concerning the movement of their troops.

(A) Except in areas restricted for security purpose, members of the armed forces of both parties shall be allowed to travel freely in civilian clothes, without arms.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socioeconomic development

Page 1, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- (A) Cooperation to assist in the livelihood, health, education, and regional development of the people.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (H) No one shall interfere with the right to education, destroy academic facilities, and prevent educators from working and students from learning.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (I) The right of individual to health shall not be harmed, nor shall the transportation of medical supplies and drug and the services of medical personnel be hindered.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (K) There shall be no destruction of schools, healthcare facilities, and religious infrastructures without a reason nor shall there be any stationing of military units in such places.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Property return and restitution Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (D) No money, properties, foods, labor, and services shall be demanded from the civilians.
- ... (F) There shall be no force confiscation or transfer of the lands of civilians.
- ... (G) No public property shall be destroyed, stolen, looted, and taken without permission.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Tangible

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (K) There shall be no destruction of schools, healthcare facilities, and religious infrastructures without a reason nor shall there be any stationing of military units in such places.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (E) No military base or camp shall be set up in religious buildings, schools, hospitals, clinics, cultural sites, and public places.

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (L) There shall be no direct or indirect activities that hinder or harm the dignity of the preservation of people's religions, literature, and traditions

Environment

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (H) In the event of a natural disaster in a ceasefire area, both parties shall cooperate in relief efforts.

Water or riparian rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (P) Security and development for the public shall be guaranteed in the ceasefire areas.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (F) Landmines laid by both parties shall be cleared in accordance with the progress of the peace process, and such activity shall be conducted in consultation and cooperation with the government step by step.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, Introduction

1. The military personnel of the Government of Burma and EAOs agreed to uphold and precisely implement the terms of the NCA. In the event when terms of the agreement are violated or when disputes arise, both parties agreed to abide by the ruling of the Joint Monitoring Committee.

Page 1, Chapter 1, Basic Principles

4. By signing the NCA, both Tamataw and the EAOs have ceased all activities that incite hostility either directly or indirectly, or activities that imply hostility. Furthermore, both parties also agreed to cease all military activities against the public and prevent illegal activities that harm the public in ceasefire areas.

Page 1, Chapter 1, Basic Principles

... 6. While NCA between the government and the EAOs is being implemented, the code of conduct shall apply to all involved in the ceasefire areas.

Page 2, Chapter 2, Code of Conduct Regarding the Civilians

- 7. The Tamataw and EAOs agreed to comply and implement the following terms in order to protect the civilians.
- ... (N) There shall be no killing of children or the mutilation of their body parts, or the recruitment of children into military services, or rape or other sexual violence, arrest and kidnapping against children.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- (A) All activities concerning territorial control, patrolling, reinforcement of troops, armed attacks, planting of landmines, terrorist attacks, destruction of properties, and military offensives shall be ceased in the ceasefire areas.
- (B) No activity that directly or indirectly incites hostility between the two parties, or activity that insults the other party, shall be allowed.
- (C) Except for the administrative assistance needed with the deployment of troops, emergency medical treatments, and the activities regarding the rotation of troops, there shall be no troops reinforcement, construction of new military posts besides the current ones agreed upon between the two parties, and addition of arms and ammunition in the ceasefire areas. For matters concerning the defense of the country or in the event that the country is under a foreign threat, both parties in ceasefire areas shall cooperate for the defense of the country.
- (D) Troops recruitment of the EAOs shall be negotiated and implemented in accordance with the implementation of the NCA and the procedure of Security Sectors Reforms.
- (E) No military base or camp shall be set up in religious buildings, schools, hospitals, clinics, cultural sites, and public places.
- (F) Landmines laid by both parties shall be cleared in accordance with the progress of the peace process, and such activity shall be conducted in consultation and cooperation with the government step by step.
- (G) No hostile propaganda, statements that are false or that harm the dignity of either party shall be issued either domestically or abroad.
- (H) In the event of a natural disaster in a ceasefire area, both parties shall cooperate in relief efforts.
- (I) Both parties shall cooperate in matters concerning the rule of law in the ceasefire area and consult with each other to prosecute any suspect in accordance with the law.
- (J) Both parties shall negotiate in the matters concerning the administration of their armed forces.
- (K) Each level of the armed forces shall be notified within 24 hours of the signing of the

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 1, Chapter 1, Basic Principles

... 5. By complying with the Code of Conduct, mutual trust can be established between the troops of both parties, or between the troops of both parties and the public, so that the implementation the peace process will be more successful.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (C) Except for the administrative assistance needed with the deployment of troops, emergency medical treatments, and the activities regarding the rotation of troops, there shall be no troops reinforcement, construction of new military posts besides the current ones agreed upon between the two parties, and addition of arms and ammunition in the ceasefire areas. For matters concerning the defense of the country or in the event that the country is under a foreign threat, both parties in ceasefire areas shall cooperate for the defense of the country.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (D) Troops recruitment of the EAOs shall be negotiated and implemented in accordance with the implementation of the NCA and the procedure of Security Sectors Reforms.

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

- (8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding military matters.
- ... (L) No force shall be used to resolve disputes occur at the lower level of the armed forces.

Page 4, The Deployment of Armed Forces to Avoid Clashes

- (9) To avoid clashes, Tamataw and the EAOs agreed to the following terms regarding the deployment of their troops.
- (A) To avoid clashes in areas where forces of both parities meet, communication in the forms of radio, land and others shall be established.
- (B) Both parties shall negotiate the deployments for their troops to avoid clashes.
- (C) In the event when negotiation is ongoing and the location for troops deployment is undecided, officers from both sides shall maintain regular communication and negotiation.
- (D) Both Tamataw and the EAOs shall keep their troops in the designated areas only.
- (E) To avoid clashes in areas where both parties meet, the numbers of outposts shall be negotiated.
- (F) For the security of communication routes between outposts and bases, both parties shall negotiate based on the terms of the NCA.

Page 4, Movement of the Troops

- (10) Tamataw and the EAOs agreed to the following terms concerning the movement of their troops.
- ... (B) Should traveling with arms in the controlled area of a party is necessary, both parties shall negotiate the terms for such travelling.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Page 3, Chapter 3, Military Code of Conduct during a Ceasefire

(8) The government and EAOs agreed to comply with the following provisions regarding

military matters.

(A) All activities concerning territorial control, patrolling, reinforcement of troops, armed

attacks, planting of landmines, terrorist attacks, destruction of properties, and military

offensives shall be ceased in the ceasefire areas.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts

No specific mention.

Mechanism

No specific mention.

Prisoner release

No specific mention.

Vetting

No specific mention.

Victims

No specific mention.

Missing persons

No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

Reconciliation

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

Page 1, Introduction

1. The military personnel of the Government of Burma and EAOs agreed to uphold and

precisely implement the terms of the NCA. In the event when terms of the agreement are violated or when disputes arise, both parties agreed to abide by the ruling of the Joint

Monitoring Committee.

Related cases No specific mention.

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