Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Libya
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Minutes of the Disengagement Agreement and Truce between the areas of Warshafānah and al-Zāwiyyah
Date	12 Nov 2015
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
•	Intrastate/local conflict
level	Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -)

Agreements relate to two distinct conflict dyads.

Libya-Chad. Since the 1970s, Libya under Colonel Muammar Gaddafi had a tense relationship with its neighbour Chad, predominantly focused on the resource-rich Aouzou Strip in northern Chad. Libyan claims of the Aouzou Strip were held in an unratified treaty between France and Italy in 1935, similarly Chadian claims of the Strip were argued with support of a 1955 treaty between Libya and France. In 1973, Libya effectively annexed the Strip to gain access to natural resources. This spurred crossborder clashes between 1979 until 1987 until escalated to a brief war known as the Toyota War, wherein Chadian government troops succeeded in repelling Libyan forces. A brief and repeatedly violated ceasefire was held from 1987-88, followed by a series of unsuccessful negotiations, until an International Court of Justice ruling in 1994, which granted sovereignty of the Strip to Chad.

Libya post-Gaddafi. Gaddafi's downfall following the Libyan Civil War in 2011-2012, led to several factions fighting for the country's leadership. Since 2013, the country effectively split into three entities, with the National Army controlling the east including the city of Benghazi, and the New General National Congress and their militias such as the Golden Dawn controlling the northwest including the capital of Tripoli. Significant portions of the country in the south-west are currently held by Tuareg forces. The civil war and chaos continued into 2014 as the General National Congress refused to disband after the expiry of its mandate, resulting in eruption of mass protests. The UN efforts continue to broker peace between the Libyan Army and the Libya Dawn factions, and a partial ceasefire was declared in January 2015. A new interim-government (Tunisia-based) called 'Government of National Accord' is formed with the backing of UN despite the refusal of the other forces to recognise its authority and arrived to Tripoli with the UN in 2016. A state of emergency was declared by the UN backed government amid clashed between rival militia in Tripoli's southern suburbs. Since April 2019 there has been sustained fighting between the Libyan National Army and the UN-backed government in Tripoli as the Libyan National Army aims to seize Tripoli. Close

Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 -

Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Libyan local processes
Parties	Committee of the Warshafānah Area: 1. Chancellor Nājī 'Asha 2. Salīm al-Dawārī 3. Al-Sādiq 'Āshūr Hamām 4. Īsmā'īl Jam'ah Ābū Halalah 5. 'Abd al-Salām Ramadān Ābū 'Amīd 6. Muhammad Shatyawi Ghawar 7. Al-Mansūrī Muhammad 'Awīdāt Committee of the al-Zāwiyyah Area 1. Al-Mahdī 'Alī al-Shāwish 2. Muhammad al-Bahlūl Ābū Khadīr 3. 'Amād Mīlūd Sultān 4. Zahīr Muhammad al-Dūbalī 5. Muhammad Hussayn al-Khudrāwī 6. Muhid Ābū 'Ajīlah Suwīsī 7. Khayr Mustafah Ajīnah Quartet Commission for Dialogue and Agreement First - The Commission for Dialogue and Communication in al-Zintān 1. 'Alī Ābū al-'Īd Ramadān 2. 'Abd Āllah 'Āhmad 'Abd Āllah 3. Muhammad 'Abd Āllah 3. Muhammad 'Abd Āllah 3. Muhammad 'Abmāniyyah 5. Al-Hādī Āmuhammad al-Duhanūs 8. Sh'abān al-'Amiyānī 'Āhmad 9. 'Abd al-Qādr 'Alī al-Numur Second - The Committee of al-Rajabān and al-'Āsab'ah 1. Mus'ūd Hussayn al-Madhūnī 2. Āmuhammad 'Abd Āllah al-Jayad 3. Muhammad 'Abd Āllah al-Abyad 3. Muhammad 'Abd Āllah al-Turkī 6. Āmuhammad 'Abd Āllah Ābī al-Sh'ālah 7. 'Alī Khalīfah Zahmūl 8. Šn'abān al-Vamiyānī 'Āhmad 9. 'Abd al-Qādr 5. Mus'ūd 'Abd Āllah al-Turkī 6. Āmuhammad 'Abd Āllah Ābū al-Sh'ālah 7. 'Alī Khalīfah Zahmūl 8. Āmuhammad 'Abd Āllah Al-Hamarūnī 10. Sulaymān 'Abd al-Salām

Third parties	-
Description	Short truce agreement between warring parties near the Libyan capital, Tripoli, that provides for a ceasefire, exchange of prisoners, the establishment of a joint commission to solve the dispute over the Coastal Road and other common issues including the relocation of dissapeared/missing persons, a cessation of use of the media for hostile propaganda and a cessation of arresting individuals based on their identity.
Agreement document	LY_151112_Minutes of the Disengagement Agreement_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Agreement document (original language)	LY_151112_Minutes of the Disengagement Agreement_AR.pdf (opens in new tab)
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.

Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 1, Seventh – Stop the use of the media to call for sedition or to differentiate between Libyans.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

detention

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

- Judiciary and No specific mention. courts
- Prisons and No specific mention.
- **Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	No specific mention.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
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Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.

Water or riparian	No specific mention.
rights or access	

Security sector

Security Guarantees	Page 1, Sixth – Any party shall assume responsibility for using their territory for warring or striking the other party.
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 1, First – Terminate [the exchange of] fire between the two disputing parties; withdraw armed forces from the barricades by a distance of 4 kilometres from both sides; accelerate talks between the two parties and quickly form a committee to observe the ceasefire, provided that the burdened sponsoring committee and the two committees belonging to the two parties implement and follow-up on the items of the agreement.

Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	Page 1, First – Terminate [the exchange of] fire between the two disputing parties; withdraw armed forces from the barricades by a distance of 4 kilometres from both sides; accelerate talks between the two parties and quickly form a committee to observe the ceasefire, provided that the burdened sponsoring committee and the two committees belonging to the two parties implement and follow-up on the items of the agreement.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	Page 1, Fourth – Set up international and local investigation committees to investigate the circumstance of the helicopter crash. The responsible party shall bear all consequences for the outcome of the investigations.
Prisoner release	Page 1, Second – An exchange of all detainees between the two sides.
Vetting	No specific mention.

Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	Page 1, Fifth – Form a joint committee to solve the problem of the coastal road and pursue the other outstanding issues under the supervision of the Quartet Commission for Dialogue and follow up on those missing.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.
Implementation	
UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Africa Gate News, 12 November 2015 http://www.afrigatenews.net/content/ %D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5- %D8%A7%D9%84%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85%D9%84- %D9%84%D8%A7%D8%AA%D9%81%D8%A7%D9%82-%D9%88%D9%82%D9%81- %D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A7%D8%B4%D8%AA%D8%A8%D8%A7%D9%83- %D9%88%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%87%D8%AF%D9%86%D8%A9- %D8%A8%D9%8A%D9%86- %D9%88%D8%B1%D8%B4%D9%81%D8%A7%D9%86%D8%A9- %D9%88%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%88%D9%8A%D8%A9