## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://test.pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Nepal
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Press Release of Summit Meetings
Date	10 Oct 2006
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
-	Intrastate/intrastate conflict
level	Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)
	Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a 'People's Republic'. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006. Close Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)
Stage	Implementation/renegotiation
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Nepal peace process
Parties	Sd/xxx Krishna Bahadur Mahara, Coordinator, CPN (Maoists), Negotiating Team Sd/xxx Krishna Prasad Sitaula, Coordinator, Government of Nepal, Negotiating Team
Third parties	-
Description	A short agreement where the top leaders task the Government-Maoist Negotiating team with drafting points of consensus on arms management, fundamental political issues and the Interim Constitution. They also set a date for forming the Electoral Commission.
Agreement document	NP_061010_Press Release of Summit Meetings.pdf (opens in new tab)   Download PDF

## Groups

Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

### State definition

Nature of state No specific mention. (general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.
Governance	
Political institutions (new or reformed)	Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions Page 1, 2: To constitute the Election Commission by the end of the month of Ashoj (17 October) of this year by the Government and to advise the Commission to make preparation to accomplish the election of the Constituent Assembly within the month of Baisakh/Jestha of 2064 B.S. (June, 2007) .To fix the date of the election of the Constituent Assembly after Constitution of the Interim Government.
Elections	Page 1, 2: To constitute the Election Commission by the end of the month of Ashoj (17 October) of this year by the Government and to advise the Commission to make preparation to accomplish the election of the Constituent Assembly within the month of Baisakh/Jestha of 2064 B.S. (June, 2007).To fix the date of the election of the Constituent Assembly after Constitution of the Interim Government.
Electoral commission	Page 1, 2: To constitute the Election Commission by the end of the month of Ashoj (17 October) of this year by the Government and to advise the Commission to make preparation to accomplish the election of the Constituent Assembly within the month of Baisakh/Jestha of 2064 B.S. (June, 2007) .To fix the date of the election of the Constituent Assembly after Constitution of the Interim Government.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.

Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making Page 1, 1: To give responsibility to the Government–Maoist Negotiating Teams to accomplish the assignment of preparing the points of consensus by discussing the questions arising under the arms management, fundamental political issues and the Interim Constitution. The team shall have to present said consensus in the meeting of the top leaders of the eight parties to be held on 12 October at 2.00 p.m.

#### **Power sharing**

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

#### Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty	No specific mention.
incorporation	

**Civil and political** No specific mention. **rights** 

Socio-economic No specific mention. rights

### **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

### **Rights institutions**

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

#### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention. **provisions** 

Judiciary and No specific mention. courts

Prisons and No specific mention. detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

#### Socio-economic reconstruction

Development orNo specific mention.socio-economicreconstruction

National economic No specific mention. plan

Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
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Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

## Security sector

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Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

# Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting Victims	No specific mention. No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

## Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Government of Nepal Peace Secretariat: http://www.ncf.org.np/upload/files/ 775_en_cover%20and%20con.pdf