| Country/entity | North Korea South Korea |
|------------------------|---|
| Region | Asia and Pacific |
| Agreement name | Agreement on Reconciliation, Non-Aggression, and Exchanges and Cooperation between South and North Korea |
| Date | 13 Dec 1991 |
| Agreement status | Multiparty signed/agreed |
| Interim arrangement | Yes |
| Agreement/conflict | Interstate/interstate conflict |

level

Korean Conflict (1950 -)

Before WWII, the Korean peninsula was part of the Japanese empire. It was when the USSR declared war on Japan in August 1945, following an agreement between Stalin and Churchill at the Tehran Conference in 1943, that the Korean peninsula was liberated down to the 38th parallel as per the agreement. However, following the post-WWII breakdown in the Allied relations and the start of the Cold War, the peninsula was not unified as agreed. Instead rival regimes were set up by the USSR and the Americans, both of which claimed power over all of the peninsula. North Korea invaded the South with the backing of China and the USSR, causing the United Nations - spearheaded by the Americans - to come to the aid of the South. Eventually, Northern troops were pushed back to the 38th parallel and in July 1953 an armistice was signed creating a demilitarised zone between the North and South. In lieu of a peace treaty, the two countries are still technically at war. In 2013 the North Korean regime stated that the 1953 armistice was no longer in effect. After serious stand-offs due due to the unwillingness of the North to undergo nuclear disarmament the first inter-Korean summit took place in April 2018 and a joint Declaration for Peace regarding cooperation and peace was issued. This was then followed by the 2018 Summit between the US-North Korea where they committed to work for complete nuclear disarmament of the Korean Peninsula. The second summit ended without a deal in early January 2019. Close Korean Conflict (1950 -)

| Stage Pre-negotiation/proc | ess |
|----------------------------|-----|
|----------------------------|-----|

Conflict nature Territory

Peace process North Korea - South Korea interstate process

| Parties | Chung Won-shik, Prime Minister, Republic of Korea, Chief delegate of the South delegation to the South-North High-Level Talks; Yon Hyong-muk, Premier, Administration Council, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Head of the North delegation to the South-North High-Level Talks; |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Third parties | - |
| Description | A short agreement focusing on several issues, most prominently economic and security co-operation. Agreement establishes several committee's for overseeing future co-operation |
| Agreement document | KR KP_911213_Agreement on reconciliation non aggression and exchanges.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF |
| Groups | |
| Children/youth | No specific mention. |
| Disabled persons | No specific mention. |
| Elderly/age | No specific mention. |
| Migrant workers | No specific mention. |
| Racial/ethnic/ national group | No specific mention. |
| Religious groups | No specific mention. |
| Indigenous people | No specific mention. |
| Other groups | No specific mention. |
| Refugees/displaced persons | No specific mention. |
| Social class | No specific mention. |

| Gender | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Women, girls and gender | No specific mention. |
| Men and boys | No specific mention. |
| LGBTI | No specific mention. |
| Family | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 18: The two sides shall permit free correspondence, reunions and visits between dispersed family members and other relatives and shall promote the voluntary reunion of divided families and shall take measures to resolve other humanitarian issues. |

State definition

| Nature of state | Page 1, Untitled Preamble | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| (general) | In keeping with the yearning of the entire Korean people for the peaceful unification of | |
| | the divided land; | |
| | Reaffirming the three principles of unification set forth in the July 4 (1972) South-North | |
| Jo | Joint Communique; | |
| | Recognizing that their relations, not being a relationship between states, constitute a | |
| | special interim relationship stemming from the process towards reunification; | |
| | Pledging to exert joint efforts to achieve peaceful unification; | |

State configuration No specific mention.

| Self determination | No specific mention. |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Referendum | No specific mention. |
| State symbols | No specific mention. |
| Independence/ secession | No specific mention. |
| Accession/ unification | No specific mention. |

Border delimitation No specific mention.

| Cross-border provision | Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 7: To ensure close consultations and liaison between the two sides, South-North Liaison Offices shall be established at Panmunjon within three (3) months after the coming into force of this Agreement. |
|---|--|
| Article 8: A South-North the South-North High-L Agreement with a view | Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation. |

Governance

| Political | No specific mention. |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| institutions (new or | |
| reformed) | |
| | |

Elections No specific mention.

| Electoral commission | No specific mention. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Political parties reform | No specific mention. |
| Civil society | No specific mention. |
| Traditional/ religious leaders | No specific mention. |
| Public administration | No specific mention. |
| Constitution | No specific mention. |

Power sharing

| Political power sharing | No specific mention. |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Territorial power sharing | No specific mention. |
| Economic power sharing | No specific mention. |
| Military power sharing | No specific mention. |

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

| Treaty incorporation | No specific mention. |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Civil and political rights | No specific mention. |
| Socio-economic rights | No specific mention. |

Rights related issues

| Citizenship | No specific mention. |
|--|--|
| Democracy | No specific mention. |
| Detention procedures | No specific mention. |
| Media and communication | Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 3: The two sides shall not slander or vilify each other. |
| | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports, environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television broadcasts and publications. Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media logistics Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 18: The two sides shall permit free correspondence, reunions and visits between dispersed family members and other relatives and shall promote the voluntary reunion of divided families and shall take measures to resolve other humanitarian issues. Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 20: The two sides shall establish and link facilities needed for South-North postal and telecommunications services and shall guarantee the confidentiality of intra-Korean mail and telecommunications. |
| Mobility/access | No specific mention. |
| Protection measures | No specific mention. |
| Other | No specific mention. |
| Rights institutions | |
| NHRI | No specific mention. |
| Regional or international human rights institutions | No specific mention. |
| | |

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary andNo specific mention.courts

Prisons andNo specific mention.detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

| Development or socio-economic reconstruction | Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio- economic development Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures. |
|--|---|
| | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports, environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television broadcasts and publications. |
| | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 17: The two sides shall promote free intra-Korean travel and contacts for the residents of their respective areas. |
| | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 19: The two sides shall reconnect railroads and roads that have been cut off and shall open South-North sea and air transport routes. |
| | Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 21: The two sides shall cooperate in the international arena in the economic,· cultural and various other fields and carry out joint undertakings abroad. |
| | Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 22: To implement accords on exchanges and cooperation in the economic, cultural and various other fields, the two sides shall establish joint commissions for specific sectors, including a Joint South-North Economic Exchanges and Cooperation Commission, within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement. |
| | Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 23: A South-North Exchanges and Cooperation Commission shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on South-North exchanges and cooperation. |
| National economic plan | No specific mention. |
| Natural resources | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures. |

International funds No specific mention.

| Business | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures. | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Taxation | No specific mention. | |
| Banks | No specific mention. | |
| Land, property and environment | | |
| Land reform/rights | No specific mention. | |
| Pastoralist/ nomadism rights | No specific mention. | |
| Cultural heritage | No specific mention. | |
| Environment | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports, environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television broadcasts and publications. | |
| Water or riparian rights or access | Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 19: The two sides shall reconnect railroads and roads that have been cut off and shall open South-North sea and air transport routes. | |

Security sector

Security Page 1, Untitled Preamble Guarantees ... Determined to remove the state of political and military confrontation and achieve national reconciliation;

Also determined to avoid armed aggression and hostilities, reduce tension and ensure peace;

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 4: The two sides shall not attempt any actions of sabotage or subversion against each other.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 9: The two sides shall not use force against, each other and shall not undertake armed aggression against each other.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 10: Differences of views and disputes arising between the two sides shall be resolved peacefully through dialogue and negotiation.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 11: The South-North demarcation line and areas for non-aggression shall be identical with the Military Demarcation Line specified in the Military Armistice Agreement of July 27 1953 and the areas that have been under the jurisdiction of each side until the present time.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 12: To implement and guarantee non-aggression, the two sides shall set up a South-North Joint Military Commission within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement. In the said Commission, the two sides shall discuss and carry out steps to build military confidence and realize arms reduction, including the mutual notification and control of major movements of military units and major military exercises, the peaceful utilization of the Demilitarized Zone, exchanges of military personnel and information, phased reductions in armaments including the elimination of weapons of mass destruction and attack capabilities, and verifications thereof.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 13: A telephone hotline shall be installed between the military authorities of the two sides to prevent accidental armed clashes and their escalation.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 14: A South-North Military committee shall be established within the framework of ' the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement in order to discuss concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on non-aggression and to remove military confrontation.

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 5: The two sides shall endeavor together to transform the present state of armistice into a solid state of peace between the South and the North and shall abide by the present Military Armistice Agreement (of July 27, 1953) until such a state of peace has

been realized.

| Police | No specific mention. |
|--|---|
| Armed forces | No specific mention. |
| DDR | Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 12: To implement and guarantee non-aggression, the two sides shall set up a South-North Joint Military Commission within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement. In the said Commission, the two sides shall discuss and carry out steps to build military confidence and realize arms reduction, including the mutual notification and control of major movements of military units and major military exercises, the peaceful utilization of the Demilitarized Zone, exchanges of military personnel and information, phased reductions in armaments including the elimination of weapons of mass destruction and attack capabilities, and verifications thereof. |
| Intelligence services | No specific mention. |
| Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces | No specific mention. |
| Withdrawal of foreign forces | No specific mention. |
| Corruption | No specific mention. |
| Crime/organised crime | No specific mention. |
| Drugs | No specific mention. |
| Terrorism | No specific mention. |
| Transitional justice | |
| Transitional justice general | No specific mention. |

| general | |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Amnesty/pardon | No specific mention. |
| Courts | No specific mention. |
| Mechanism | No specific mention. |

| Prisoner release | No specific mention. |
|--|--|
| Vetting | No specific mention. |
| Victims | No specific mention. |
| Missing persons | No specific mention. |
| Reparations | No specific mention. |
| Reconciliation | Page 1, Untitled Preamble Determined to remove the state of political and military confrontation and achieve national reconciliation; |
| | Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation. |
| Implementation | |
| UN signatory | No specific mention. |
| Other international signatory | No specific mention. |
| Referendum for agreement | No specific mention. |
| International mission/force/ similar | No specific mention. |
| Enforcement mechanism | Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of |

the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this
Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation
and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation.**Related cases**No specific mention.

Source Colombia Law School, North Korea course materials. http://www2.law.columbia.edu/course_00S_L9436_001/North%20Korea%20materials/ coree91.html