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Country/entity Philippines

Mindanao

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Implementing Guidelines on the Joint Communiqué of 6 May 2002

Date 15 Feb 2012

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing adevolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the

Stage Renewal

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Philippines - Mindanao process

Parties Marvic M.V.F. Leonen, GPH Panel Chairman;

Mohagher Iqbal, MILF Panel Chairman

Third parties Signed in the presence of: Tengku Dato' Ab Ghafar Bin Tengku Mohamed, Malaysian

Facilitator

Description Agreement that provides the renewal of the Ad Hoc Joint Action Group (AHJAG) that was

established in the 6 May 2002 Joint Communique to pursue and apprehend criminal elements that function outside of the AFP/PNP and MILF/BIAF. Agreement provides for terms of reference, objective, scope, definition of terms, mechanics of implementation, composition of the AHJAG, and duration of the mandate, which is for a period of twelve

(12) months, renewable on a yearly basis by the Parties.

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Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

5. To avoid unnecessary armed confrontations, the displacement of communities and damage to properties, the Tactical Operations Center (TOC) or Tactical Command Post (TCP) of the government operating forces and with the MILF forces in the area shall work and coordinate closely with the AHJAG and vice versa.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

6. Except for operations against high priority targets, a list of which shall be provided by the GPH Panel to the MILF Panel, the AHJAG shall inform the GPH and the MILF CCCH at least 24 hours prior to the conduct of the AFP/PNP operation in order to allow sufficient time for the evacuation of civilians and to avoid armed, confrontation between the GPH and MILF forces.

Social class

No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

No specific mention.

secession

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention. commission

Political parties No specific mention. reform

No specific mention. **Civil society**

Traditional/ No specific mention. religious leaders **Public** No specific mention.

administration Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power No specific mention. sharing

Territorial power No specific mention. sharing

Economic power No specific mention. sharing

Military power No specific mention. sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Life Page 4, VII General Guidelines for the Implementing Unit

1. In the process of implementing its functions, the implementing units of the GRP-MILF shall ensure the safety of the life of the civilians and the protection of their properties.

Socio-economic rights

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property Page 4, VII General Guidelines for the Implementing Unit

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Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

No specific mention.

procedures

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians

measures

Page 4, VII General Guidelines for the Implementing Unit

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Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Banks**

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 1, IV. Definition of Terms

A. Lost Commands - groups which are not under the command and control of the BIAF and the AFP/PNP as verified by the Ad Hoc Joint Action Group (AHJAG).

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

F. Order of Battle - refers to the list of wanted persons prepared by the AFP/PNP as verified by the AHJAG.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

1. The AFP/PNP shall, convey to the MILF through the AHJAG the Order of Battle as defined in Paragraph IV, E containing the names and identities of the criminal elements as provided in Paragraph 3 of the Joint Communique of 6 May 2002.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

4. The AHJAG shall coordinate with the AFP/PNP and MILF/BIAF to effect the apprehension and arrest of the suspected criminal elements.

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5. To avoid unnecessary armed confrontations, the displacement of communities and damage to properties, the Tactical Operations Center (TOC) or Tactical Command Post (TCP) of the government operating forces and with the MILF forces in the area shall work and coordinate closely with the AHJAG and vice versa.

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Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

7. In hot pursuit operations in MILF areas/communities, the AFP/PNP commander shall coordinate with the AHJAG. Pursuit operations by the AFP/PNP against criminal elements shall not exceed seventy-two (72) hours and can be extended upon consultation with the AHJAG. Paramilitary/irregular forces shall not be allowed to engage in hot pursuit.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 1, I. Terms of Reference

A. Agreement for General Cessation of Hostilities date July 18, 1997, including its Implementing Administrative Guidelines dated September 12, 1997 and Implementing Operational Guidelines dated November 14, 1997.

Page 3, VI Mechanic of Implementation

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Page 4, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

8. An after-operation report shall be immediately submitted by the AHJAG to the GPH and MILF Panels, copy furnished both CCCHs.

Page 4, VII. General Guidelines for the Implementing Unit

2. The AHJAG shall closely coordinate and work in tandem with the Joint CCCH.

Police

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Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

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Page 1, IV. Definition of Terms

G. MILF Areas/Communities - refer to the places in Mindanao identified by the GPH and MILF Peace Panels where the MILF elements are situated.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

1. The AFP/PNP shall, convey to the MILF through the AHJAG the Order of Battle as defined in Paragraph IV, E containing the names and identities of the criminal elements as provided in Paragraph 3 of the Joint Communique of 6 May 2002.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

2. The MILF through the AHJAG shall validate and subsequently act on the information as contained in the Order of Battle.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

3. The MILF further shall provide information, as available, on other suspected criminal elements in their areas/communities that come to their attention.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

4. The AHJAG shall coordinate with the AFP/PNP and MILF/BIAF to effect the apprehension and arrest of the suspected criminal elements.

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Page 4, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

Page 1, II. Objective - This set of guidelines is adopted to implement the provision of the Joint Communique dated May 6, 2002 between the Government of the Republic of the Philippines and the Moro Islamic Liberation Front related to the isolation and interdiction of all criminal syndicates/kidnap for ransom groups and other criminal groups including the so called "Lost Commands" operating in Mindanao.

Page 1, III. Scope - These Implementing Guidelines apply only to operations against criminal syndicates/kidnap-for-ransom groups, lost commands and other criminal elements within MILF areas/communities.

Page 1, IV. Definition of Terms

A. Lost Commands - groups which are not under the command and control of the BIAF and the AFP/PNP as verified by the Ad Hoc Joint Action Group (AHJAG).

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

B. Criminal Syndicates/Kidnap-for-Ransom Groups - refer to a group of aggurpation of persons who engage in criminal activities as verified by AHJAG.

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

C. Criminal Elements - within the purview of AHJAG, refers to a leader/member of a criminal syndicate or kidnap for ransom group as distinguished from common criminals.

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

D. Isolation - refers to the act of dissociating/segregating criminal elements form the general public as a mode to monitor and counter their criminal activities.

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

E. Interdiction - refers to the act of apprehending criminal elements as defined in A and B and turning them over to the AHJAG.

Page 2, IV. Definition of Terms

F. Order of Battle - refers to the list of wanted persons prepared by the AFP/PNP as verified by the AHJAG.

Page 2, V. Organization/Composition of the AHJAG

A. The AHJAG shall be composed of eight (8) members, four (4) from the GPH and four (4) from the MILF agreed upon and named by the panels.

Page 3, V Organization/Composition of the AHJAG

C. An AHJAG Team as organized shall be composed of at least four (4) members, two from the GRP and TWO from the MILF to be augmented by support staff from both sides. D. The AHJAG teams shall be composed of field level members and operators who can immerse on the ground for the performance of their missions, and shall readily be available at short notice.

Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

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Page 3, VI. Mechanics of Implementation

2. The MILF through the AHJAG shall validate and subsequently act on the information as contained in the Order of Bathe 15 of 17

Page 2 VI Mochanics of Implementation

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international Signed in the presence of: Tengku Dato' Ab Ghafar Bin Tengku Mohamed, Malaysian

signatory Facilitator

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International No specific mention.

mission/force/ similar

Page 16 of 17

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker http://peacemaker.un.org/philippines-implementing-guidelines2002